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100 Government Street. Phone 57

VOL. XCI., NO. 120.

VICTORIA DAILY COLONIST, WEDNESDAY, MAY 4, 1904.

FORTY-SIXTH YEAR.

HAND-BAGS

The New Designs for 1904 are here

Ladies will hail with delight this new style of bag, as it is larger and more commodious than before. Provision is also made in them for both card cases and money purses.
We have just received a large assortment direct from the makers. At the prices we have marked them the pocketbook will not be seriously lightened.

Good Serviceable Bags, guaranteed genuine
Leather, as low as - - - \$1.00.
Some Beauties at - - - \$3.00 to \$6.00

Come in and let us show them to you. You will say they are the most sensible hand-bags yet made.

Challoner & Mitchell

47-49 GOVERNMENT STREET.

Morgan's Fresh Frozen EASTERN OYSTERS

75c. a Quart Tin.

DIXIE H. ROSS & CO.,

SOLE AGENTS.

GARDEN TOOLS

LAWN MOWERS, HOSE, ETC.

The Hickman-Tye Hardware Co., Ltd.

32 and 34 Yates Street, Victoria, B. C.

Telephone 59.

P. O. Drawer 613

FABRIKONA BURLAPS

The latest wall decoration. A permanent and beautiful finish for walls, at a moderate price.

J. W. Mellor & Co., Ltd., 78 Fort St.

TEN YEARS IN WOOD
BEFORE BEING BOTTLED!

Caladonian Liqueur Scotch Whisky

Distillers Company, Ltd., Edinburgh, the leading
Scotch Distillers.

R. P. RITHET CO., LTD.,
AGENTS.

GUINNESS'S EXTRA STOUT

M. D. FOSCAR & SONS



BUGLE BRAND

HUDSON'S BAY CO. AGENTS FOR B. C.

Fire Insurance!

ROBERT WARD & CO., Ltd., Temple Building, Fort Street,
GENERAL AGENTS FOR

London and Lancashire Fire Insurance Co.

Go to Hastie's Fair for Your Household Wares

'Tis the most economical place to buy. We mark all our goods in figures plain. The reason 'tis not hard to explain. 'Tis because our price is at the bottom.

Hastie's Fair, 77 Government Street

Chick Food

Our own manufacture cannot be surpassed as a food for small chickens. Sold in any quantity.

The Brackman-Ker Milling Co., Ltd.

Day's Doings At Ottawa

All Papers in Connection With
Trap Licenses Will Now Be
Asked For.

The Royal Canadian Engineers
About to Be Added to Per-
manent Corps.

Elevator Causes Sudden Drop
in Politics and Investigation
Promised.

From Our Own Correspondent.

Ottawa, May 3.—Owing to the present uncertainty as to the trap net question, an early move will be made for the production of all papers on the subject.

Sir Frederick Borden gives notice of the appointment of an inspector of militia, with a salary of one thousand. This is to relieve the G. O. C. in the event of his being engaged in the command of troops generally.

The Grand Trunk has declined to make any further concessions to its telegraphers.

The creation of the Royal Canadian Engineers permanent corps has been authorized.

Mr. Macpherson and other members had an unpleasant experience today when the Commons' elevator, in which were nearly a dozen members, dropped over twenty feet. All got a bad shaking up. Mr. Macpherson called the attention of the house to the matter and said some of the best families in Canada came very nearly wearing crepe. Hon. Mr. Sutherland promised an investigation.

The government railway scheme was again in committee and a little progress was made.

In Utter Rout And Confusion

Kuroki Reports Three Hundred
More Were Killed During
Pursuit.

Russian General Killed and
Forty Officers and Twelve
Guns Captured.

Tokio, May 3.—A supplemental report was received today from General Kuroki. It is dated today and says: "Yesterday the enemy offered a stubborn resistance against our pursuit, adding about three hundred casualties. The enemy stood with resolution until the artillery, consisting of two batteries, lost the majority of its men and horses. Then they broke the breeches and closing apparatus of their guns and hoisted the white flag."

"According to a captured Russian officer, Major General Kashalinsky, commander of the Third Russian Siberian Rifle brigade, the colonels of the Eleventh and Twelfth Rifle Regiments, and the commander of the artillery battalions were killed in the fighting at Hanatan."

"It seems the enemy was entirely routed by our attack because yesterday many have come in and surrendered. Our prisoners include forty officers, twenty of whom are wounded, and three hundred men, one hundred of whom are wounded."

"A preliminary report from the chief surgeon of the Japanese army shows that we had 798 killed and wounded. These casualties are divided as follows: Imperial Guards, 132; second division, 350; third division, 316."

GIRL'S FRIGHTFUL DEATH.

Watertown, N. Y., May 3.—Blanche Derovine, of Dexter, aged 8, came to her death today in a most frightful manner. While playing around a bonfire her dress caught fire and she ran for the house. The breeze made by her rapid flight fanned the flames, which soon enveloped her entire body, inflicting burns from which she died soon after.

ITALIANS ARRESTED.

New York, May 3.—Two Italian families who had purchased tickets and were about to sail for Palermo are locked up at police headquarters charged with stealing \$3,000 from Paolo Jannina at White Plains, N. Y. Those under arrest are Lorenzo Spallone and his wife, Domenico. Both of whom are from White Plains. Spallone is 19 and his three sons. Jannina says she missed a box containing \$3,000 and jewelry after a visit by the two families. About \$1,200 and a lot of jewelry is said to have been found on the men arrested.

CHAMBERLAIN

INDIGNANT

Repudiates Charge of Collusion
With Level-Headed Tobacco
Importer.

London, May 3.—Quite a little breeze was raised in the House of Commons during the discussion of the budget resolution increasing the duties on tobacco and cigars by Lord MacKenna (Liberal), who insisted that the chancellor of the exchequer had been influenced by Joseph Chamberlain's tariff commission and a certain tobacco merchant, who would reap direct benefit from an increased duty on stripped tobacco. Mr. MacKenna remarked on the extraordinary increase in the importation of unstripped tobacco in March by this representative of the tobacco trade, who is a member of the tariff commission.

Both the chancellor of the exchequer, Austin Chamberlain, and his father, jumped up and heatedly demanded that Mr. MacKenna should formulate his charge in express terms. Mr. MacKenna then disclaimed the slightest intention of imputing anything dishonorable to the chancellor of the exchequer, but he maintained that it was remarkable that a member of Mr. Chamberlain's commission correctly anticipated what the budget proposals were going to be.

NEW CHWANG CAPTURED!

Japan's Ever Victorious Army Walks Over General
Kuropatkin's Impregnable Fortifications
Yesterday Morning.

FOUR THOUSAND RUSSIANS KILLED

Czar Informed of the Fearful Loss Sustained by
The Russian Arms in Sunday's Fight
on the Yalu River.

4,000 RUSSIANS KILLED.

St. Petersburg, May 3.—Bulletin—In a report received by the Emperor from Gen. Kuropatkin under today's date, it is stated that from 3,000 to 4,000 men at least were killed in the Yalu river fight.

St. Petersburg, May 3.—The Emperor has received the following telegram under today's date from General Kuropatkin: "General Sassulitch's report, dated today, on the fight of May 1, says that the battle was fought under the following circumstances: The 12th and 22nd regiments, and the second and third batteries of the sixth brigade of artillery were engaged in the battle, which began with heavy cannonading of our right flank by siege guns at Wiju, and field batteries in the distance."

"After a lull the fighting was resumed with extraordinary violence against the left flank at Turenchen, and our position at Potietinsky. A fusillade was also begun by small parties of Japanese across the river."

"The situation of the defenders' position became increasingly difficult, especially at Potietinsky, which was bombarded on the front and on both flanks. Thirty Japanese guns were pitted against our battery at Potietinsky, line, which had suffered heavily, and one wounded, to retire."

"A battalion of the 11th regiment, both flanks of which were repeatedly turned by the enemy, advanced with fixed bayonets, preceded by buglers, to clear a passage. The Japanese, however, declined a hand-to-hand conflict and recoiled."

"In front of the regiment, a chaplain, bearing a cross, was struck by two bullets."

"It was only by advancing on the Japanese with the bayonets that the 7th regiment was able to retire."

"On the arrival of the battalion of the 10th regiment, all the troops were able to beat a retreat."

"The losses of the 11th and 12th regiments were very great, but they are not yet exactly known. In the 11th the killed included Colonel Laming and Lieut.-Colonels Dometti and Raitovsky. The 12th lost nine company commanders killed or wounded."

"The second and third batteries of the sixth brigade, having lost the greater number of their men and horses, were compelled to abandon their guns. For some reason six guns of the third battery of the third brigade of artillery, and eight pom-poms, which could not be brought away, were also disabled."

"The mountainous nature of the country made it impossible to save the guns by means of drag ropes."

"Up to the present 800 wounded, including fourteen officers, have been brought to the hospital at Fengwangcheng. Their eventual transportation elsewhere is fully assured."

"Japanese cavalry appeared to the southeast of Fengwangcheng, but seeing two companies with two guns opposed to it, it did not venture to approach."

"The transportation of the wounded by hired Chinese bearers to Fengwangcheng was very difficult. Two-wheeled carts and horses lent by the cavalry were also utilized for this purpose. Most of the wounded, however, arrived on foot, assisted by their comrades, and reached Fengwangcheng within twenty-four hours."

"Lieut.-General Sassulitch declares that the troops retained their morale notwithstanding their losses and are ready for fresh engagements."

"The Japanese losses were very heavy at the passage of the Ai river at their position at Turenchen, and on the hill occupied by the two battalions of the 11th Regiment."

According to the statements of participants in the battle at least 3,000 to 4,000 were killed.

GERMAN SYMPATHY.

Leipzig, May 3.—The Tagblatt today prints a letter from Riga (European Russia), in which the writer says that when the news of the Russian success at Gousan, Korea, was published Friday last, the harbor master, who is a government official, called on the vessels in port to display their flags in honor of the event. The British and Norwegian captains refused to do so, but the German vessels, which were numerous, were decorated with flags. The townsmen of Riga, it is added, see in the German demonstration confirmation of the Emperor's words, "Russian sorrow is German sorrow."

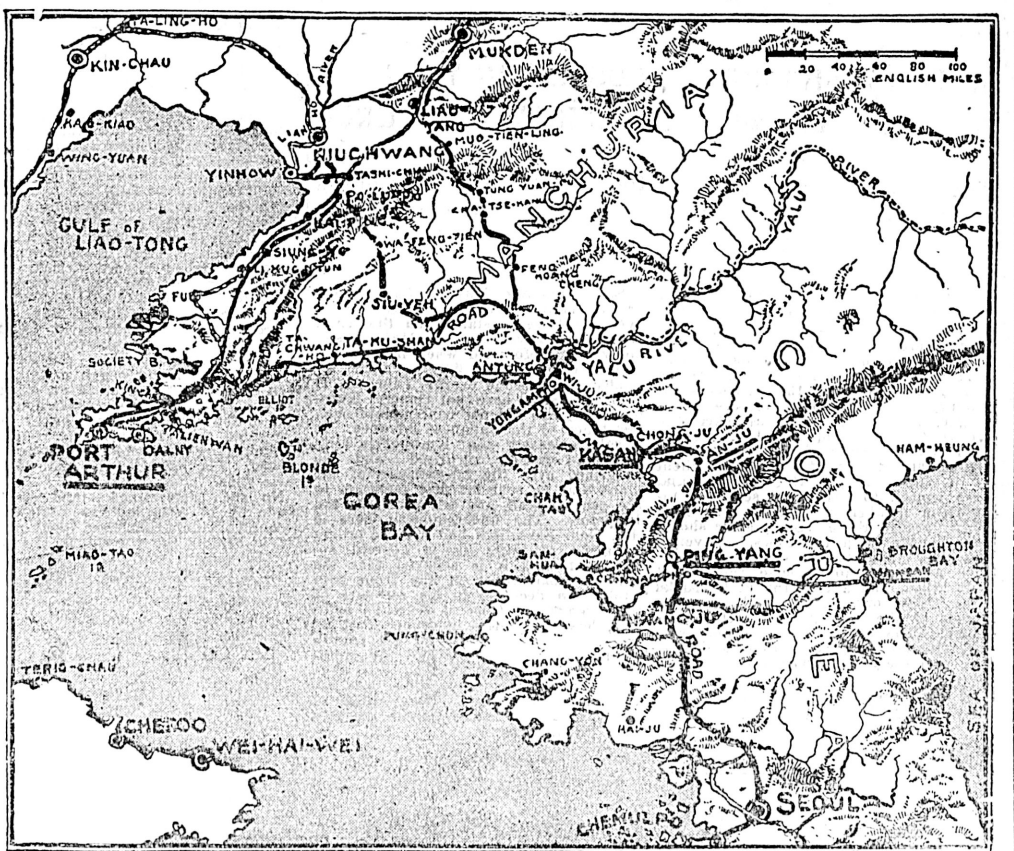
The afternoon newspapers here and elsewhere in Germany mildly protest against the action of the captains of the German ships, classing it as a breach of neutrality.

DESTROYERS FOR JAPAN.

Bridgeport, Conn., May 3.—Stockholders of the Lake Torpedo Boat Company here say they expect that a statement regarding the reported sale of the Protector will be submitted to them by the directors of the company within a few days. They are also authorized for the announcement of a new boat. It is believed here that the Protector will be turned over to the Japanese government.

STRIKE CAUSES FAMINE.

Chicago, May 3.—Thirty-five thousand loaves of bread were received in Chicago today from Pittsburg to relieve the famine threatened by the strike of the bakers.



Map Showing New Chwang and Antung.

NEW CHWANG CAPTURED.

London, May 4.—Bulletin—The Chefoo correspondent of the Daily Chronicle sends the following under yesterday's date: "The Japanese landed troops and attacked and captured New Chwang last evening. The Russians fell back to protect the Railway."

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Togo Makes Another Try

The Irrepressible Admiral Ap-
peared Before Port Arthur
Yesterday.

Fleet of Fire Ships Approach
Entrance Under Torpedo-
boat Escort.

Fire of Russian Batteries and
Mines and Torpedoes De-
feat Attempt.

St. Petersburg, May 3.—Vice Admiral Grand Duke Alexis has received the following official telegram from Vice-roy Alexieff, reporting the Japanese attempt to take Port Arthur early this morning:

"I respectfully report to Your Highness that a fresh attack was made by the enemy last night with the object of obstructing the entrance to the port and that it was successfully repulsed."

"At 1 o'clock this morning five torpedo boats were perceived near the coast from the eastern batteries. Under the fire of our warships and the batteries they retrayed southward."

"At 1:45 o'clock the first fire-ship escorted by several torpedo boats was sighted and we opened on them from the shore batteries and the warships. Three-quarters of an hour afterwards our searchlights revealed a number of fire-ships making the entrance of the harbor from the east and southeast. The coast defence vessels Otavashin and Gremieschi and the gunboat Giliak repulsed each by a well directed fire."

"Altogether eight ships were sunk by our searchlights revealed a number of torpedoes launched from torpedo boats and by the explosion of several submarine mines. Further, according to the reports of the officers commanding the batteries and the gunboats Giliak, two Japanese torpedo boats were destroyed."

"After 4 o'clock the batteries and warships ceased fire, subsequently firing only at intervals on the enemy's torpedo boats, which were visible on the horizon."

"All the fire-ships carried quick-fire guns, which maintained a constant fire. Up to the present twenty men including two mortally wounded officers, who took refuge on a launch have been rescued from the fire boats by us."

"The inspection of the roadstead and work of saving the enemy's men were hindered by the heavy sea running. We suffered no casualties with the exception of a minor wound."

"On the appearance of the first fire-ship accompanied by the enemy's torpedo boats we boarded a launch and proceeded to the Otavashin to take immediate measures for repulsing the fire-ships. With me were Lieut.-General Zaitseff and Lieut.-Colonel of the naval general staff, Lieut.-General Stovel was on the fortifications at the same time and General Leschinsky, chief of the defending forts, was on board the Giliak."

Port Arthur Account.

Port Arthur, May 3.—At 1 o'clock this morning three Japanese torpedo boats were sighted and the Russian land batteries and the gunboat Giliak and the coast defence vessels Otavashin, minashio and Otavashin opened fire and compelled them to retire. Immediately afterwards other Japanese ships were sighted on the horizon. They were headed by a fire-ship which was sunk near the entrance of the harbor at 1:40 a.m. After an interval of fifteen minutes two more fire-ships came on and were sent to the bottom. At 2:25 a.m. four more fire-ships appeared, three of these blew up on our mines. Two of these sank immediately and the other two fire-ships were sunk by the batteries and warships. The protected cruiser Askold participated in the firing. Fifteen minutes later three more fire-ships arrived. One of them blew up on a mine, the second vessel was wrecked on shore and the third was sunk by the Russian shells. The Japanese attack still continues.

The crews of the Japanese warships which were sunk this morning while attempting to attack the channel tried to save themselves by putting to sea. Many of them were killed by the Russians. Survivors were picked up. At daylight a number were seen clinging to the masts and funnels of the sinking ships. Thirteen of the wounded Japanese have since died. Russians supplied the survivors with food and clothing and the wounded were taken to the hospital. During the morning the enemy's torpedo boats were seen in the offing.

At 9:30 o'clock it was signaled that there was a Japanese boat in the vicinity and that two of the enemy's launches had been run ashore.

The town is quiet. Large crowds watched the morning's operations with great interest.

Grand Duke Boris arrived here this evening.

After the sinking of the fire-ships this morning many dead bodies were seen floating about the harbor. They were collected by the Russians and buried. The fire-ships were ten in number and few of these crews were rescued. The sinking of the enemy was due to the vigilance of the men in watch towers and on the guard boats. The new attempt to bottle Port Arthur was on a grander scale than any heretofore. The Japanese showed extraordinary bravery. The attempt to close the harbor failed.

MR. HARRIMAN REPORTS.

New York, May 3.—President E. H. Harriman, of the Union Pacific and Southern Pacific roads, who has just returned from a tour of inspection of the properties, gave an informal interview today dealing with some observations made by him during his trip. The conditions of affairs in the West and Southwest, according to Mr. Harriman, were much better than the government indicated. He believes the country is in good shape to look after its own financial requirements.

AMENITIES OF BANKER'S LIFE.

New York, May 3.—The grand jury today returned two additional indictments against Rothschild, former president of the defunct First National Bank. Four are now pending against the financier, who is still imprisoned in the Tombs through his inability to secure the \$25,000 bail under which he is held. The two indictments returned today charge Grand Looney in the first degree, and the third on an accommodation notes which, it is alleged, Rothschild obtained, one from R. J. Benjamin for \$5000 and the other from U. D. Nessler for \$10,000.

FIGHTING IN JAVA.

Amsterdam, May 3.—A despatch to the Handelsblad from Batavia, Java, says that a Dutch column captured the Atchines' position at Jantoe after a desperate fight in which 150 Atchinese were killed. The Dutch sustained seven killed and five officers and 35 men wounded.

REPUBLICANS AND THE NEGRO.

New Orleans, May 3.—After a long and hard struggle the leaders of the Lilywhite Republicans in caucus today decided against the negro and it was agreed to send a solid white delegation at large to the Chicago convention instructed for President Roosevelt.

There was a hard fight to get a negro on the delegation, believing it would be beneficial to Roosevelt in the doubtful states.

BANK GETS DECISION.

Chicago, Ill., May 3.—The suit brought by the trustees of the George H. Phillips Company to recover from the Bank of Montreal \$200,000 which the members of the firm had deposited shortly before the collapse of the corn crop of 1892, came to an abrupt end in the United States Circuit court today. Judge Seaman took the case from the jury and decided in favor of the bank. The court held that a bank was not in the same class as other creditors of a bankrupt.

If You are Building

Your house will not be complete unless it is fitted throughout for electric light. Don't overlook this fact.

B. C. Elec. Ry. Co.
35 Yates Street

Baron Hayashi On the Situation

Interview With Japanese Minister in London Reviewing the Struggle.

Poor Harvest in Manchuria Will Render Russia's Position Desperate.

London, May 3.—Baron Hayashi, the Japanese minister here, said to the Associated Press today: "The immediate result of General Kuroki's success will probably be a movement on Fenghuang-chang, which the Chinese have fortified with their usual brick structures, the commencement of the war the Russians doubtless have added earthworks, but their loss of guns yesterday must seriously diminish their defensive strength."

"I understand that Russia had only 100 guns in Manchuria. If that is the case her artillery strength has been diminished almost one-third."

"They fight well, those Russians, and Fenghuang-chang will not be taken unless General Kuroki again changes his plan of campaign. The announcement that the Russians will not contest the crossing of the Yalu has proved as we thought, to be misleading. Thirty thousand men is far too large a body for a general to face the enemy with if they merely intended to hamper his movements. Kuroki evidently meant to make a determined resistance, but he either underestimated our strength or disposed his forces in the belief that we would not venture a frontal attack."

"I take from the despatches received that we have now practically secured control of both banks of the Yalu. The consequence our base will probably be moved to Antung."

"I expected yesterday's battle would be more decisive, especially in view of the number of Russian troops opposed to us. Its significance must largely depend upon our ability to pursue the enemy."

Reviewing the whole future of the struggle that has just commenced in such deadly earnestness on land, Baron Hayashi said: "The duration of the war must lie rather with Russia than with Japan. For the moment the military advantage is with us, for Kuroki has extended his front, and we can strike where and when we will. Our aggressive movement may be carried on to Mukden, perhaps to Harbin or further, but before long there must come a stage of the campaign where Russia will assume the role of the retreating power, and where we must act solely on the defensive. From the beginning it has been so, and our aggression is, and has been, but a means to a more eventual repulsion of an invading army."

"General Kuroki himself probably cannot say at this moment at exactly what point our aggression will be changed into the defensive. Kuroki, so I believe, says he will not undertake to drive us back until he has 300,000 men ready to take the field. I think that at least 5 per cent. of that force will die from sickness, so that to keep his army at the maximum required, Kuroki will always have to be transporting 150,000 men from St. Petersburg; no small task."

"This year's harvest in Manchuria, I learn, promises to be bad. A million Russians there, in addition to the army, must be fed. We have, or shall have, closed every source of food supplies except by the Siberian railroad. Even with double track and no men or munitions of war to transport, the problem of feeding the Russian population and army now in Manchuria would be in itself intensely serious, but with a single road, which is Russia's only vital lifeline, it seems almost impossible and famine appears inevitable."

"With this dreadful accompaniment of war, there is only too likely to be a rising among the Manchurians. They may attack the Russians or they may attack us. Either case is bad enough to contemplate."

"To help us sit down and wait all these contingencies, we are working day and night on the Korean railroad, and on the finished portions of the road between Pusan and Seoul will be completed and a new line from Seoul to Wiju will also be ready. Locomotives are coming from the United States, and as soon as they arrive we will have a through and rapid line of communication through all Korea, which almost touches our own mainland, and we will not be likely to suffer from want of supplies or reinforcements."

"As regards Port Arthur and Vladivostok, the situation is somewhat different. I cannot say anything about the movements of armies that have been mobilized, but there is no doubt that the Liaotung peninsula will, if only success attend our land forces, be cut off from supplies. Neither Port Arthur nor Vladivostok can be taken from the sea front, but I think you will find Port Arthur either taken by our land forces or starved out by September. The Chinese are evacuating the peninsula into Port Arthur now from Chiefoo, but only to an immaterial extent, and that will soon cease."

"Vice-Admiral Togo will doubtless remain on watch outside Port Arthur. By September, when the hurricane season comes, he should be able to safely house his fleet in a Japanese port. No fleet, Russian or Japanese, could be kept in the open sea. I seriously think Russia will send her Baltic fleet to face our autumn hurricanes."

"Referring to the long period which elapsed between the declaration of war and the land fighting, Mr. Hayashi said: 'The waiting was taxed the patience of the rest of the world, has been a busy and exciting time with us. Our troops have been continually marching and working in anticipation of striking the blow which would initiate the campaign in Manchuria.'

"The most unfortunate incident of the campaign up to date is Vice-Admiral Kamimura's misfortune in missing the ship which was to take him to the front. It seems from here that it was a pity the vice-admiral did not stay outside the port instead of trying to find the Russian in the open sea."

Kuropatkin in Gravest Danger

The Overwhelming Number of Japanese May Annihilate the Russian Army.

St. Petersburg Displaying Great Apprehension as to Result of Next Battle.

SPECIAL CABLE TO THE LONDON TIMES AND VICTORIA COLONIST.

St. Petersburg, May 4.—No official report of the bombardment of Port Arthur which followed the futile attempt of the Japanese to bottle up the fleet, has as yet been received from Admiral Alexieff. It is stated, however, that while the bombardment was terrific, but little damage was done. An unofficial account received here states that during the Japanese attack on Kinkienchun, on Sunday, a Russian regiment, headed by a priest with a crucifix, attacked two divisions of the Japanese, and was almost annihilated after a fierce hand to hand encounter.

It is rumored in military circles that General Sassulitch is not responsible for the Russian disaster on Sunday, but that he fell into an ambush as a result of the interception by a Japanese spy of a telegram from General Kuropatkin, containing general orders for a plan of campaign to be followed in meeting the Japanese forward movement.

There is a feeling of apprehension here over the outcome of the impending battle at Fenghuangchun, where it is

STEELE CORPORATION OFFICERS

New York, May 3.—All the retiring officers of the United States Steel Corporation were re-elected at the regular monthly meeting.

DREW COLLEGE BURNED.

Carmel, N. Y., May 3.—Drew college, one of the pioneer educational institutions for women in the country, was destroyed by fire today, entailing a financial loss of fully \$100,000, with only \$25,000 insurance. The big dormitory which housed more than a hundred students, the main building of the faculty and of servants, was the last building to catch fire, and all escaped with their personal belongings. The fire started in the Smith memorial hall, and when discovered was beyond control. One by one several buildings were swept away. The cause of the fire is unknown. Drew college was conducted under the guidance of the New York conference of the Methodist Episcopal church.

Sassulitch Was Too Stubborn

Dreadful Slaughter on the Yalu Contrary to Kuropatkin's Orders.

Now Claimed That the Japanese Loss Exceeded Three Thousand.

Attack New Chwang.

St. Petersburg, May 3.—Lieut. General Sakashiroff, in a despatch dated May 2nd to the general staff, says: "On May 1st, two vessels, apparently torpedo boats, approached to within a distance of six kilometers from the west of Shinshin, west of Hailchi. At first two steamers were observed cruising near the coast, then a squadron of ten vessels sighted steaming toward the northwest. No ships were sighted in the neighborhood of Yinkow."

St. Petersburg, May 4.—The official report of the appearance of a number of Japanese ships off Kaiping and Shinshin on the west coast of Liaotung peninsula, below New Chwang, foreshadowed the disembarkation of Japanese troops with the intention of cutting off Port Arthur.

The war may now be said to have begun in deadly earnest.

Important as was Alexieff's achievement at Port Arthur in repulsing the Japanese attempt to bottle up the fleet, it is dwarfed by the details of the fighting on the Yalu, showing the severe losses suffered by the Russians, who have denuded 800 wounded alone to Fenghuangchun, while it is estimated that the Japanese have won 3,000 and 4,000. If this statement of the Japanese loss is correct the Russian authorities say that General Sassulitch must be given credit for carrying out that part of his orders, to make the cutting of the Yalu as costly as possible to the enemy.

Unfortunately Sassulitch had only 10,000 men, of which 2,000 men were unable to participate in the fighting, as they were occupying Antung and Kiroki, appreciating the inability of his opponent to bring up reserves, threw his weighty force upon the points selected for attack.

The Japanese had from 35,000 to 40,000 men, besides the greater quantity of guns, many of them being of heavier calibre than those of the Russians, thus outnumbering the actually engaged by more than 5 to 1.

The Japanese succeeded in flanking two Russian battalions on both sides and enveloping them in the rear. The Russian bands were playing martial airs, and it is to be added with a priest holding aloft a cross charged and the Japanese halted before them, after which they succeeded in reaching the supports. It was one of the most gallant movements of a bloody day.

Because of the weakness of the Russian forces, they were unable to hold their positions. Enflamed by the enemy's fire men and horses began to fall. The men sprang to the guns in an effort to remove them, but the mountainous nature of the country and the heavy roads of the guns and the heavy loads of the batteries made it impossible to remove them. The batteries therefore lost all their guns.

No such determined stand as that made by the troops was intended by General Kuropatkin, but the tenacity in holding their positions, it is said by the general staff, is worthy of the highest traditions of the Russian army. Three times the Russians halted and were ordered to advance, but they refused to come again, once repulsed, did not sicken the fighting stomach of the assailants.

It is officially stated that this fearless pursuit cost the Japanese 3,000 men. General Sassulitch's retirement is noteworthy because it was encumbered by a large number of wounded. Had the Japanese been able to bring up their entire cavalry strength it might have been a far blacker day for Sassulitch.

WHEN A SORE THROAT WON'T HEAL

Because of its power to heal raw, flaming flesh, to allay the inflammation and stop the dreadful itching, Dr. Chase's Ointment has a world-wide reputation. If you have become disheartened by the failure of other treatments put Dr. Chase's Ointment to the test. Like thousands of others you will be surprised and delighted with the results.

DR. WOODEND ARRESTED.

Prominent New York Operator Is Charged With Grand Larceny.

New York, May 3.—The police had been searching for Dr. Woodend for several days. A warrant had been issued against him charging him with grand larceny. Today the district attorney's office received a telephone message from John Woodend, Woodend's attorney, saying that Woodend was at his home and ready to surrender himself. A detective sergeant went to the house a few minutes later and placed him under arrest. Woodend was arrested on a warrant issued on the complaint of E. H. Goodwyn, of Parkburg, W. Va., who alleges the loss of \$8,600. While in the courtroom Dr. Woodend said: "I will make a statement later that will clear me entirely of the charges made against me. That is all I will say now." The case in the office of Woodend & Co. were opened today by a representative of Receiver Gruber, but little of value found. In one of the safes the receiver found a few shares of various stocks which had probably been sold by the firm as security and \$25 in money.

News Notes of

The Dominion

Strikes in Building Trades At Montreal Cause Great Inconvenience.

Judge Trenholm Succeeds Late Judge Wurtele—Calgary Mail Robbers.

Montreal, May 3.—The strikes of painters, plumbers, stone cutters and masons are still in progress and both sides maintain their determination to fight matters out. The exception may, perhaps, be in the case of the painters, the masters claiming to have all the men they want, while the painters say their members are well supplied doing jobbing in view of the moving season. A great many have left on the 2nd and 3rd inst. indications are that the plumbers will seek to compromise in the near future.

There is a great scarcity of houses and many people have been compelled to take to boarding houses owing to their inability to obtain suitable accommodations, even at greatly increased prices. In some instances two and three families are living in the same house. Still speculative builders are unwilling to make contracts owing to the high price of real estate, building materials and labor.

A result will be the further advance in rents next May, and landlords are now lamenting that they did not increase their rents 25 per cent. on the 15th.

Judge Trenholm has been appointed a judge of the King's Bench, in succession to the late Judge Wurtele, and his place on the Superior court bench has been filled by the appointment of John Dunlop, K. C.

The eastern abattoir, one of the city's largest slaughter houses, situated on Front street near the C. P. R. cattle yard, is on fire.

AGED CIVIL SERVANT.

Toronto, May 3.—W. Edwards, secretary of the Ontario public works department, and one of the oldest of the Ontario civil service, is dead, aged 86 years.

STRIKERS RETURN.

Hamilton, May 3.—The "Tucker cigar factory" strikers, who had been returning to work at the old wages, a full staff of employees also returned to the company's factories in London and Montreal today.

BANKS COMMITTED.

Regina, N. W. T., May 3.—Lawyer Bangs, of Calgary, on preliminary trial here for alleged complicity in mail robbery, has been committed to stand trial at the higher court.

Winnipeg, Man., May 3.—A pretty thorough enquiry among members of the Grain Exchange shows that seeding is now general throughout the province, and the weather of the past week has been ideal. Surface moisture is drying up rapidly, so it is in fine condition and farm work is making rapid progress.

Portage la Prairie ratepayers carried a bylaw asking for two hundred thousand dollars in constructing waterworks and sewerage systems yesterday by a large majority.

At a meeting of the Winnipeg Industrial Exhibition committee, held last night, all applications for space in the manufacturers' section of the exhibition were considered. The committee, which is controlled by the Winnipeg association, has decided that the space had been allotted it was found that there was still but little at the disposal of the committee.

There are three manufacturers' buildings, two of which are at the disposal of the Manufacturers' Association. In these there is but 64,000 square feet space available, while applications to date amount to 128,000 square feet from Eastern firms.

Albert McKeown's residence, near Somerset, Man., was destroyed by fire; loss, fifteen hundred.

C. P. R. land sales for April were 21,000 acres for \$116,349.

Brother and sister named Lesperance, of the city of Montreal, were drowned yesterday at La Salle by the upsetting of a rowboat. The bodies have not yet been recovered.

Russian Scape Goat.

Paris, May 3.—The St. Petersburg correspondent of the Echo says that General Kuropatkin in telegraphing to the Emperor blames Lieut. General Sassulitch's obstinacy in refusing to retreat in time despite the orders of the Emperor. The night before the artillery included in the siege guns, which were brought from Yokohama on gunboats and landed on the Korean bank of the Yalu. The long range of these guns enabled the Japanese to silence the Russian batteries on the opposite bank.

Local News.

Securing Specimens.—Mr. E. C. Kermod, curator of the Provincial Museum, has gone to Chilliwack and the Fraser valley, where he will spend some days in securing specimens of birds and mammals for the museum. At this season of the year there are a number of migratory birds, especially of the smaller species, which are to be found in the Fraser valley. These are entirely different from the varieties found on Vancouver Island.

A GUARANTEED CURE FOR PILES.

Itching, Blind, Bleeding or Protruding Piles. Your druggist will refund money if PAZO OINTMENT fails to cure you, in 6 to 14 days. 50c.

BORN.

SAMSON.—At Revelstoke, Monday, April 25, the wife of John Samson, of a son, HANTRY.—On April 30, at Revelstoke, the wife of Mr. C. J. Hanbury, of a son.

MARRIED.

FRASER-MCCLELLAN.—At Nelson, on Wednesday, April 29, by Rev. T. Glassford, assisted by Rev. Dr. Herdman, Captain L. H. Fraser to Mrs. Francis Charlotte McClellan.

MCCLELLAN-BOLTON.—At the residence of James Bolton, on Wednesday, April 27, by Rev. C. Ladner, John M. McClellan to Miss Mabel A. Bolton, both of Revelstoke.

DIED.

PENKETH.—At Nanaimo, B. C., on March 8, Rila Hma Penketh, age 3 years and 8 months, daughter of Geo. W. Penketh, of this city.

You can try it. FREE.

Every mother who sends us her address on a post card will receive a generous free sample—enough for eight meals—of

Nestlé's Food

LEEMING, MILES & CO., MONTREAL.

TWO IN ONE
Shoe Polish

Puts on "The Shine that will please you."

Puts on a "patent leather shine" quick as a wink, keeps shoes soft, prevents the leather from cracking, makes it damp-proof and water-proof. One application a week of "2 in 1," and a few brisk rubs every morning, will keep your shoes as fresh and bright as new.

IN 10c AND 25c BOXES AND 15c TUBES. ALL DEALERS.

FERTILIZERS!

Now Is the Time to Apply Artificial Manures

No weeds, no inconvenience in handling. It will pay you to use them whether you have a ranch, small vegetable garden or a few flowers.

Price \$2.25 Per 100 lbs.

Sufficient for your spare lot 60x60. For list of testimonials and for further particulars, call or write

Victoria Chemical Co., Limited,
TELEPHONE 402. OUTER WHARF.

Always See That the
MATCHES
You Buy Bear The Name

Our Patriotic Brands: "King Edward," "Headlight," "Eagle," "Lion," "Little Comet," "Our Sulphur Brands," "Telegraph," "Lighthouse," "A Quick, Sure," "Light is Ensured," "Every time by Using Any One of These Brands," "For Sale by Dealers Everywhere."

JAMES MITCHELL, GENT FOR B. C.

Canadian Bank of Commerce

WITH WHICH IS AMALGAMATED
The Bank of British Columbia

HEAD OFFICE: TORONTO.

Paid-up Capital \$ 8,000,000
Reserve 1,000,000
Aggregate Assets exceeding \$3,000,000

HON. GEO. A. COX, President. B. E. WALKER, General Manager.

London Office, 60 Lombard St., E. C.

The Bank has 100 Branches well distributed throughout the Dominion and elsewhere, including the following in British Columbia and the Yukon Territory:

ATLANTIC GREENWOOD NANAIMO VANCOUVER
GRANBY KAMLOOPS NELSON VICTORIA
JAWSON LADYSMITH N. WESTMINSTER WHITE HORSE

BRANCHES IN THE UNITED STATES
NEW YORK, SAN FRANCISCO, PORTLAND, SEATTLE, SEASIDE
Every description of banking business transacted. Letters of credit on any part of the world. Exceptional facilities for handling gold dust.

SAVINGS BANK DEPARTMENT
Deposits of one dollar and upwards received and interest paid at current rates.

Victoria Branch
GEORGE GILLESPIE, Manager.

VICTORIA DAY CELEBRATION
Victoria, B.C.
May 23rd, 24th, 1904

Made in Canada Fair

On 23rd, 25th, 26th, 27th, and 28th days of May at Assembly Rooms, open every afternoon and evening.

LACROSSE
VICTORIA VS. VANCOUVER.

Baseball, Regatta

Naval and Indian War Canoe Races, Four-oared Amateur Senior and Junior, B. C. Championship. The warships of the Pacific squadron will be open to visitors.

FIREWORKS

At Beacon Hill Park at 9 p.m.
Band concerts afternoons and evenings.
Reduced rates from all points.
G. H. BARNARD, Mayor.
W. C. MORESHY, Secretary.

Patronize Home Industry

In the new building on Carey Road, the Victoria Creamery is again in operation, having installed an entirely new plant. Ask for Victoria Creamery Butter—Second to none in the province. Patronize home industry and keep the money in circulation in Victoria.

The Victoria Creamery Association
VICTORIA, B. C.

TO MY PATIENTS

I expect to leave here for the East about the 10th of May and expect to be away two months. During my absence my office will be closed.

DR. HARTMAN

Gowichan Laundry
DUNCANS STATION.
Ladies' and Gentlemen's Clothes Cleaned and Pressed. Work Guaranteed. One-half Freight Charges paid by Laundry.

Architects and Engineers

Have your Blue Prints made at
FLEMING BROS.
Enlargements a specialty. Kodaks and supplies.
82 Government Street.

Teacher and Healer

Weak lungs, bronchitis, loss of appetite, anemia, dyspepsia, sleeplessness, uric acid rheumatism, obesity, spinal weakness treated. Delicate children made robust and strong. Apply at room 2, Metropoli building, upstairs. Consultation hour from 11 to 12:30; also from 5 to 6 p.m.

Nestlé's Milk

The Richest in Cream

20 million tins sold in Great Britain in 1903. Full size 1-lb. tins, 20c each.

THE LEEMING MILES CO., LTD., AGENTS, MONTREAL.

Financiers are Opposed to War

Depression Growing Greater and Worst Fears Expressed as to Future.

Many Commercial Interests in Russia Already Practically Ruined.

SPECIAL CABLE TO THE LONDON TIMES AND VICTORIA COLONIST.

Moscow, May 4.—Commercial circles throughout Russia remain in a totally depressed condition, despite the publicity expressed optimism of the military party and the leading newspapers. The general feeling among the leading financiers was expressed by the head of one of the largest manufacturing concerns in this city today. His sentiments are those of his class with but few exceptions. He said: "It is not to be expected that this war will benefit Russia. We are told that it will be all over except the signing the peace treaty before September of this year, and that the result will bring great glory to Russia, but the manner in which the military experts are to bring this about is quite clear. We are told that Admiral Skrydloff will work wonders with what remains of the brand new fleet which cost us so much. How he is to achieve more than Admiral Makarov with less at his disposal than that dead warrior had, passes the comprehension of men like myself whose business is either already ruined or well on the road to liquidation. We don't believe that all Mauchaud is worth the cost of the Eastern Asiatic but lately it has fallen off and even before the outbreak of war we were preparing to close it out, thus throwing many men out of employment."

REPUBLICAN PLATFORM.

Preliminary Outline of Resolutions to Be Presented to Convention.

Washington, May 3.—The platform to be adopted by the Republican national convention has been among the topics discussed at the conference, which have taken place recently at the White House in committee room, at the capitol and in different residences where a number of Republicans have assembled. Senator Lodge, who is slated for chairman of the committee on resolutions at the convention has prepared preliminary sketches of various topics that he thinks should be treated and has submitted them to senators and others for approval or suggestion. It is expected that before the convention meets a complete platform will be prepared, which will have the approval of the President. The principal feature of the platform will be the tariff plank, which will declare in the strongest terms the adherence of the Republican party to the principles of protection. It will say that the party is not committed to any schedule, but that changes should be made only when changed conditions of business or the treasury render it necessary or advisable.

Persons present at the recent conference say it already has been agreed that the tariff will be revised in the fifty-ninth congress of the republic in November. Some difficulty has been experienced in finding the proper word for a reciprocity suggestion. Nearly all the senators who have attended the recent conferences have contributed their share toward keeping reciprocity treaties negotiated by the McKinley administration closely confined in committee pigeonholes. Reciprocity has not been popular in congress, and it was with the greatest effort that the Cuban legislation was passed. The republic announced when the Cuban bill was under consideration that there would be no more tariff legislation by treaty. If anything is said about reciprocity, it will be said to mean that reciprocity should be confined to such articles as are not in competition with the product of the United States. A promise to continue the finances of the United States on a firm basis is included. Disfranchisement of negroes in the southern states will be denounced.

THE CAPTURE IS NOT CONFIRMED

Taking of New Chwang Lacks Confirmation in the Latest Advances.

London, May 4.—The Daily Chronicle reports that the capture of New Chwang is not confirmed from New Chwang, and it is hardly likely it is true. However, official despatches seem to indicate that the Japanese are directing their attention to this point. A special despatch from St. Petersburg asserts that Lieutenant General Sasonov fell into an ambush and was killed by the Japanese intercepting a telegram from General Kuropatkin. According to the Standard's St. Petersburg correspondent, General Kuropatkin is recalling the troops from the neighborhood of Gensan. He is, the correspondent says, opposed to fighting many minor actions. The Standard's Shanghai correspondent, who has been evacuating Antun, the Russians expelled the population by force. He adds that the Pekin government has refused General Ma's request to be permitted to expel the Russian troops from the west of the Liao river. The correspondent at Shanghai of the Daily Telegraph says it is understood that all non-combatants, officers and valuables have been removed from Danyang, and that all the troops from the disabled warships at Port Arthur have been taken ashore to the forts. The Daily Mail's Cebu correspondent reports that the Japanese fleet is off Port Arthur.

THE BROOKS COMET.

Genoa, May 3.—The Brooks comet was observed by its discoverer, Dr. Brooks, at the observatory last night, after a long interval of cloudy weather. The comet, now on the northern border of the constellation Hercules, and moving northward toward the Head of Draco.

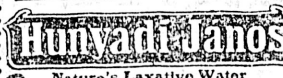
POMMERY

Has the best class of the Champagne trade everywhere.



We Eat Too Much

We eat too fast, we exercise too little, we overwork our nerves. The stomach and bowels get clogged. (Constipation.) The liver gets upset. (Biliousness.) And attending these two simple ailments come all kinds of diseases and complications.



Nature's Laxative Water Cures ALL THESE TROUBLES

Dose: Half a Tumbler on Rising

Clever Amateurs Play Comedy

Work Point Barracks Last Night Scene of Brilliant Entertainment.

The Splendid Audience Greatly Pleased By Acting of the Piece.

Packed to the doors with a very select audience, the Fives Court at Work Point barracks last evening presented a most brilliant spectacle on the occasion of the first presentation of Mark Melford's screaming funny three-act farce comedy, "Turned Up," the proceeds to go to St. Saviour's church. The little company was composed of clever amateurs of the Royal Engineers, Royal Garrison Artillery and Army Service Corps, assisted by several lady friends.

That rehearsal had been very faithful was shown by the smooth running of the piece from curtain to curtain. There was no hitch of any kind and the audience was kept in a continuous ripple, frequently increasing to roars, of laughter by the exceedingly clever acting of the members of the cast.

Special praise must be given to Miss Prior, who played "Cleopatra Snow" with great spirit, and quite captivated her audience. Miss Keefe also won very high encomiums by her interpretation of the part of "Mrs. Medway," and Miss Vernon for her portrayal of the role of "Miss Sabina Medway." Mrs. Bland, as "Mrs. Parnell," was also excellent, and Mrs. Capt. Wright, as "Ada Balfie," deserved the hearty applause she received.

Particular mention must be made of the work of Mr. Cockburn, R. G. A., who is a born actor, and played "Caraway Bones" in splendid fashion, exciting the risibilities of the audience unmercifully. Mr. Geary, R. G. A., as "General Balfie," was also most praiseworthy, and his high and noble capital work. All the other members of the company played their parts with conspicuous talent.

The artistic ability shown in the preparation and arrangement of the scenery, costumes and other theatrical properties, reflects much credit upon the soldiers and proves that the occupants of the Work Point barracks are possessed of abundant and varied talents. Last night's splendid success of the entertainment will be repeated this evening at the same hour and place. No one who likes a good, hearty laugh should fail to attend tonight. The cast and synopsis of the play are as follows:

Act I.—Mr. Medway's rooms at Richmond.

Act II.—Garden of Richmond Villa.

NOTES FROM ALBURN.

To Reopen Work on Hay's Property—An Interesting Political Rumor.

Albourn, B. C., May 2.—Word was received here yesterday from a reliable source that work would commence in the near future on the property of Mr. Hay, a mining engineer, has been examining the Monitor properties lately, and has plans ready for the commencement of work on the new find.

Mr. Atkinson, the president of the Canada Mining Company, will be up on the next steamer to commence developing their property on Uchuckest harbor. This is a newly formed company and some prominent Victorians are interested.

The Southern Star mine on Uchuckest harbor continues to improve. They are filling the bunkers ready for another shipment. The mining outlook for the district generally is good.

Capt. Huff and Sidney have purchased a small steamer and will make daily trips to Bamfield creek and way ports.

Mr. A. Ward, owner and proprietor of the Arlington Hotel, is retiring and has sold the house from bottom to top, getting in line for the summer trade that promises to be good.

George A. Smith, C. E., has just finished surveying the Sunshine group of claims in Uchuckest harbor and he is planning to use the property in the near future. Several firms are eyeing over timber lands in this vicinity.

There is a rumor that Mr. McInnes, M. P., will be made a County court judge which will necessitate a new election. Mr. McInnes, it is said, will be replaced by his successor, who is personally popular with both political parties and may go in by acclamation.

Supreme Court Civil Sittings

Two Cases Requiring Juries Were Adjourned Until Next Week.

Barrett vs. Elliott, Action in Re-Alleged Bogus Insurance Heard Yesterday.

The May sittings of the Supreme court opened yesterday morning before the Hon. Mr. Justice Drake.

There being no one present to represent either parties in the case Centre Star Mining Company vs. Almers' Union (Kossland), the case stood over.

The next case was Morgan vs. British Yukon Navigation Company. Mr. W. J. Taylor, K. C., for the plaintiff, applied for an adjournment in order to obtain at least expense to meet the present sittings of assize and nisi prius, but no jury had been struck. The plaintiff had at first proposed under a sitting of a judge for assize and nisi prius of the court for trials, but on the sheriff demanding \$75 for striking and summoning two juries, the plaintiff abandoned that proceeding and now desired a jury from the assize panel.

Robert Cassidy, K. C., who appeared with Mr. C. M. O'Brien, for the defendant company, said that the defendants had brought evidence from the Yukon at great expense to meet the plaintiff upon his notice of trial for yesterday. The plaintiff had himself to blame if he had not a jury. He had obtained the proper order and had actually struck the panel before he had in substance abandoned his order for a jury by refusing to pay the necessary fees. Under the act of 1903, sections 56 and 57, it was provided that both civil and criminal cases could be heard by assize and nisi prius in districts outside of Vancouver and Victoria, but as regards those civil cases could not be tried at assizes, but only at statutory sittings for civil trials, and at special sittings fixed by order.

The secretary reported that a party gave a notice of trial for sitting of assize and nisi prius on payment of \$16 he was entitled to use the assize jury. That was not this case. Here the plaintiff could only get a jury under the act of 1903, and he was not entitled to use the assize jury, and where any jury shall be summoned otherwise than at a court of assize the party shall pay for suing, striking and jury fees. He had abandoned his order and the case should proceed without a jury. It was a mere accident that the civil sittings and assizes at Victoria happened to coincide within a day. In any case the plaintiff was in fault and should pay the cost of any assize jury.

Mr. Justice Drake said that the plaintiff was in fault. Having taken a certain course, he had declined to proceed with it. However, the Juries' Act was very strict, and the plaintiff was not to be faulted for that. The case should proceed without a jury. It was a mere accident that the civil sittings and assizes at Victoria happened to coincide within a day. In any case the plaintiff was in fault and should pay the cost of any assize jury.

The next case called was Barrett vs. Elliott, hearing this, the case of Siddall vs. Richards was argued by a jury, was adjourned until Friday, the 13th inst.

In the case of Barrett vs. Elliott et al., Mr. Frank Higgins appeared for the plaintiff, and Messrs. J. G. Elliott, K. C., W. C. Morehead for J. G. Elliott and Mr. A. L. Belyea represented Mr. Holland, a party defendant.

Mr. Higgins said the case was for alleged fraud in the payment of five insurance premiums. The plaintiff paid for insurance on the Hotel Grand, in White Horse, on the understanding that the insurance would be good and valid in Canada. The plaintiff paid 25 per cent. of the premium, viz., \$651, which was paid to the plaintiff's agent, Mr. Joshua Holland, who sent the advance and the application to J. G. Elliott, who, being unable to place the case before the local companies, sent the application to New York.

Legged policies were forwarded to Elliott, and by him to the plaintiffs through the bank, and a draft was drawn for the amount of 75 per cent, viz., \$651, which was paid to the plaintiff's agent, Mr. Joshua Holland, who sent the advance and the application to J. G. Elliott, who, being unable to place the case before the local companies, sent the application to New York.

The first witness was Plaintiff Barrett, who testified that Defendant Holland called at his house in August, 1903, and asked his partner, Turner, for insurance. Turner called in witness, who said he was willing if the insurance was good. Witness' brother Louis was present.

Mr. Belyea objected to any evidence regarding alleged verbal agreement regarding valid insurance in Canada. His lordship upheld Mr. Belyea, this was not the question. He said that Holland said Elliott was the head of the affair and was a good, reliable man. Witness and Turner signed the application after Holland had made it out.

Witness testified that he did not recollect the reading of the application or the fact that he was sending the application to Elliott in Victoria.

The next witness heard of the matter was a notification from the bank that the policies, produced, had arrived. These were taken up and the balance of the premium paid, viz., \$651, which was produced.

Witness produced a letter received from Elliott dated October 21st, 1903. Witness saw Elliott in April, 1903, and asked him did he know the names of the firms on the policies. Elliott said he did not know.

Cross-examined by Mr. Belyea, witness said he assigned the policies to Turner as security in April, 1901. When witness paid off Turner he did not get a release of the policies. The bank refused witness an advance on the policies. Mr. Belyea said he did not wonder if they were in the shape they appeared in now.

The court then adjourned for lunch. After lunch Mr. J. L. Dallas Helmecken, K. C., cross-examined Mr. Barrett on a few points.

Mr. Louis Barrett, brother of the last witness, was the next witness. Witness said he was present at the interview between Mr. Holland and his brother's late partner, Mr. Turner.

Cross-examined by Mr. Belyea, witness said he was not present when the application for the insurance was signed.

Mr. Higgins wished to place in evidence admissions of Defendant Elliott that the insurance companies who wrote the business had no license to do business in Canada. Also certificate of the superintendent of insurance at Ottawa to the same effect.

Richard Hall, M. P., was next called by Mr. Higgins, and testified that the only way to tell that a company was licensed to do business in Canada was from the report of the superintendent of insurance.

Cross-examined by Mr. Belyea, witness said it was possible for a company to become licensed to do business in Canada subsequent to the completion of the report of the superintendent of the department of insurance.

This concluded plaintiff's case. Mr. Belyea, on behalf of Defendant Joshua Holland, asked for a non-suit against the plaintiff, on the ground that there was no misrepresentation, either alleged or proved, against his client.

Mr. J. L. Dallas Helmecken, on behalf of Defendant J. G. Elliott, made a similar application. Mr. Higgins addressed his lordship on behalf of the plaintiffs, claiming that, as the policies were illegal according to the statutes of Canada, his clients were entitled to recover the premium.

During the argument his lordship pointed out that the plaintiffs would be in a very different case if they had brought the action during the period of the insurance. His lordship reserved his decision and the court adjourned.

Bar Association.—There will be a meeting of the Victoria Bar Association at 4 o'clock this afternoon, when matters of importance to the legal profession in Victoria will be discussed.

A Powerful Light.—The lighthouse which the Department of Marine and Fisheries is building at Clayoquot, on the west coast of Vancouver Island, will be the first in the American continent. The light is to be located on a hill 150 feet, and while the building is in progress, it will be a substantial and well equipped. It is more to the quality and power of the light than that reference is made when it is stated that it will be the first in the continent. At the present time the D.G.S. Quadra is away on a trip to Clayoquot landing materials and men for the construction of the light. Chase Bros., the celebrated makers of lights, are supplying this one.

BUSINESS CHANGE—All new Spring Suits, Overcoats and Pants reduced one-fifth for cash. Last season's goods at half price

B. Williams & Co.

TACOMA TOLD ABOUT VICTORIA

Secretary of Tourist Association Enlightens The Sound Folk.

Says the Tacoma Ledger of Tuesday, April 26: The policy of the Tourist Association of Victoria was outlined yesterday by Secretary H. Cuthbert, who has just arrived in the city from an extended tour of the Coast. Since leaving Victoria Mr. Cuthbert has visited all of the principal summer and winter resorts along the Coast and they are all vying for the honor of being the most attractive of the tourists of the Coast.

He addressed a number of the wealthy residents of Pasadena, Los Angeles, Santa Barbara, San Francisco and Portland before coming to Tacoma. He was accorded a splendid reception everywhere and is well pleased with the success of his efforts. With the aid of the principal cities on the Coast he has hopes of bringing even a larger tourist trade to Victoria and the Northwest than ever before.

Tacoma, Mr. Cuthbert thinks, should secure a larger tourist trade than heretofore. He said yesterday that he believes Tacoma has everything in the way of attractions for bringing visitors to the Coast. The starting point in getting tourist travel, he says, is good hotels, and the hotels of Tacoma have impressed him most favorably. "Hotel accommodation is the first thing that a visitor to a city asks about, and if the city has finely equipped hotels, such as is the case with Tacoma, then the visitor will have no difficulty in bringing and having a large part of the tourist travel stop over and stay awhile," said he.

Victoria, owing to its temperate climate, its beautiful scenery, its many attractions and other natural advantages, is an ideal resort for summer vacations. The people of Tacoma, being so close to hand, could easily afford the small amount required to visit Victoria and spend their vacations in that city. The cost of living is low and so is practically everything else. Hotel accommodations of the best kind can be had while people wish to spend a few weeks of the summer at extremely low rates. The outing to Victoria would afford real pleasure to more Victorians than would a vacation to some of the mountain resorts that are crowded every year.

The season, that is, the summer season, really opens in Victoria on May 21, which is Victoria Day. For the day in question the people of the city have prepared a monster celebration that will outclass anything of its kind ever attempted in the Northwest. The celebration, as outlined, is on a grand scale. New features have been added that will make it exceedingly attractive to the visitors, and we hope to have many from this city. We are even now negotiating to have the peerless steamer, the Princess Victoria, placed on the Tacoma run for the occasion. If we can secure the steamer it is the intention to have excursion rates made with privileges of stopping over in the British Columbia city for a week. Victoria by the time Victoria Day comes around will be in bloom from end to end with the bright yellow flowers of the city is famed for. The fact that this will be the case has induced the Victorians to produce a novel and pleasing feature in the shape of a bloom festival. It will be modeled after the cherry festival of Japan, of which so much has been written in the past. During the week the women, under the direction of the Daughters of City, will hold a maiden Canada fair on new and unique lines."

The usual weekly meeting of the executive of the Tourist Association was held yesterday afternoon at which were present His Worship Mayor Barnard, Anton Henderson, Al. Vincent, Al. Booth, Mr. H. Cuthbert, J. E. Wilson, W. T. Oliver and the secretary, Herbert Cuthbert.

A very large amount of routine business was disposed of, the meeting being a protracted one.

The secretary reported briefly upon some matters connected with his recent trip that had not already been touched upon in his written reports. His reference to the splendid prospects of busy summer and to the signs of prosperity for the city that we were observing were very satisfactory to the executive. These matters and the methods adopted to advertise Victoria in the tourist centres will be dealt with fully in Friday night's edition, when several pictures thrown upon the screen will serve to illustrate these features.

The finance committee recommended the payment of accounts to the amount of \$400, which report was adopted.

Mr. P. J. Oliver reported that he had had several conversations with Mr. Grant, the secretary of the Victoria Fruit Growers' Association, with reference to an exhibit of fruit, in jars, grown around Victoria in the rooms of the Victoria district for fruit culture and vegetable growing. The exhibit would cost nearly \$100. The executive were of the opinion that every assistance should be rendered the fruit growers to draw attention to the suitability of the Victoria district for fruit culture and vegetable growing. It was decided to advertise this association was doing that some of the real estate agents and others might assist in this very desirable work. The whole matter was referred to the finance committee with power to act.

Mr. Oliver brought up the question of thoroughly working Manitoba and the northwest section and of advertising in such papers as the Farmers' Advocate, Canadian Magazine, etc. The matter was referred to the printing committee with power to act.

The secretary reported that since his return he had sent away a dozen cases of literature and had supplied a magazine article and instructions to a well-known publication on the coast, also one or two other short articles and that he had in hand a Guide to the city. He was authorized to have 20,000 of these printed as soon as possible. He suggested that the city should have a city directory for the city which were left over until next year, as was also the best means to be adopted to thoroughly advertise the city of the Sound and on this side of the mountain as a vacation resort.

Ad. Beckwith brought up the question of the Dominion exhibition, and this matter will be energetically pushed by the association. The meeting then adjourned.

AN EXHIBIT OF LOCAL FRUIT

Proposed That Such Be Made at Rooms of Tourist Association.

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Ad. Beckwith brought up the question of the Dominion exhibition, and this matter will be energetically pushed by the association. The meeting then adjourned.

Dr. Wood's

Norway Pine Syrup

Cures Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis, Hoarseness, Croup, Asthma, Pain or Tightness in the Chest, Etc.

It stops that tickling in the throat, is pleasant to take and soothing and healing to the lungs. Mr. E. Bishop Brand, the well-known Galt gardener, writes: "I had a very severe attack of sore throat and tightness in the chest. Some times when I wanted to cough and could not I would almost choke to death. My wife got me a bottle of DR. WOOD'S NORWAY PINE SYRUP, and to my surprise I found speedy relief. I would not be without it if it cost \$1.00 a bottle, and I can recommend it to everyone bothered with a cough or cold. Price 25 Cents."

Bedding Plants, GERANIUM PLANTS \$1.00 Per Dozen JOHNSTON'S SEED STORE, City Market

The Victoria No. 2 Building Society

WITH WHICH IS MERGED THE KING EDWARD BUILDING SOCIETY. Admits members on payment of \$1.00 entrance fee. Subscriptions payable at 50c. per week. Each share on allotment is entitled to \$1,000.00 loan free of interest. For further particulars apply to the Secretary, A. ST. C. FLINT, Secretary 15 Trousne Avenue.

WORLD'S SCENIC ROUTE

Lowest Rates. Best Service. To all points in Canada and the United States.

Through Tourist Cars for Toronto, Mondays and Fridays. For Montreal and Boston Wednesdays. CHINA AND JAPAN SAILINGS. Empress of China, May 23. Empress of India, May 23. CANADIAN-AUSTRALIAN SAILINGS. Alouette, May 27.

Alaska Route, For Skagway Direct, Princess May 27. To Northern British Columbia via Port Danube and Tess every Thursday, 11 p.m.

SEATTLE ROUTE. Princess Beatrice sails daily except Saturday at 11 p.m. To Seattle and way ports, 7th, 11 p.m. To Cape Scott and way ports—20th each month, 11 p.m.

For full particulars as to time, rates, etc., apply to E. J. COYLE, A. G. P. A., Vancouver, B. C. H. H. ABBOTT, 88 Government St., Victoria, B. C.

TIME TABLE IN EFFECT MAY 1st 1904

By Daylight Daily. To Vancouver, New Westminster and Ladners

Local leaves Victoria daily except Saturday and Sunday at 8:45 p.m. Leaves Victoria on Saturday and Sunday at 2:00 o'clock p.m.

Daily— Leaves Victoria 7:00 a.m. Arrives Sidney 8:30 a.m. Port Gibson 11:30 a.m. New Westminster 1:45 p.m. Vancouver 2:45 p.m.

For tickets and information apply to F. VAN SANT, 76 Govt. St. Traffic Mgr.

SIDNEY & NANAIMO TRANSPORTATION CO., LTD.

Time Table Taking Effect March 27, 1904: Victoria & Sidney Railway, train leaving Victoria at 7:00 a.m., connects at Sidney with steamer Ingot.

MONDAY—For Nanaimo, calling at Pile Island, Fulford Harbor, Ganges Harbor, Mayne Island, Fernwood, North Galiano, Gabriola.

THURSDAY—For Nanaimo, calling at Cowichan, Mudgevans, Burgoyne Bay, Maple Bay, Crofton, Vesuvius Bay, Chehalis, Kuper, Thetis, Gabriola.

For further information and tickets apply to Victoria-Sidney Ry., Market building, Victoria.

MONEY TO LOAN

ON MORTGAGE Improved Real Estate Security Swinerton & Oddy, 102 Govt. St.

FOR SALE

Humboldt street, near Park entrance. 2 two-story brick houses, newer construction; H. & C. water. Paying 6 per cent after deducting taxes and insurance. Price \$3,200.

ROCK BAY AVE. Near 5-roomed cottage, corner lot, 60x120, \$2,000. YATES STREET, 7-roomed two-story house, 1/2 lot 30x120, has been paying 6 per cent after deducting taxes and insurance. Price \$2,000.

Three lots Victoria West, \$800. (Good building sites). Three lots James Bay, fronting on three streets, \$1,500.

FLINT & CO., Real Estate Brokers.

Office, 21 Cornmarket Street. Residence, 17 Pine street, Victoria West. Telephone 424.

SO KEE & CO.,

Manufacturers and dealers in SILK and COTTONWARE, CHILDREN'S DRESSSES, ETC. SILKS, LACES, ETC. for sale by the yard or piece.

44 Broad St., Victoria B.C.

RHEUMATISM

Mr. C. Little, 404 Sydenham avenue, Toronto, driver for Dunlop, the Florist, writes: "I was severely crippled with rheumatism, that owing to swelling, soreness and pain, I could not get my boots on, and walked with great difficulty. I got a bottle of Griffiths Medical Liniment, which gave me relief at once and speedily cured me. I can highly recommend it." Large bottles 25 cents. Small size 75 cents.

Tomato Plants

Bedding Plants JAY & CO., Store 13 Broad St. Phone 1024.

FOR SALE

Good six-roomed house in good locality, connected with sewer, etc., \$850. May be had on instalments; also a few choice lots on easy terms.

H. J. KNOTT, 18 Caledonia ave. Spring Repairs. Alterations, Store and Office Fittings, General Jobbing, Charges Fair. J. P. Burgess, Carpenter Phone 105 10 Broughton street.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM

EXCELLENT Train Service BETWEEN CHICAGO, LONDON, HAMILTON, TORONTO, MONTREAL, QUEBEC, PORTLAND, BOSTON,

And the Principal Business Centers of Ontario, Quebec, and the Maritime Provinces. ALSO TO BUFFALO, NEW YORK AND PHILADELPHIA, VIA NIAGARA FALLS.

For Time Tables, etc., address GEO. W. VAUX, Assistant General Passenger and Ticket Agent, 135 ADAMS ST., CHICAGO, ILL.

The Colonist.

WEDNESDAY, MAY 4, 1904.

The Colonist Printing & Publishing Company, Limited Liability.

No. 27 Broad Street, Victoria, B. C.

A. G. SARGISON, Managing Director.

THE COLONIST CIRCULATION

FIGURES TELL THE TALE

Daily Average, 1902 3552
 Daily Average, 1903 3695
 Daily Average, Apr., 1903 3598
 Daily Average, Apr., 1904 4322
 May 1st, 1903 3500
 May 1st, 1904 5100

Circulation books open to all.
 Advertising contracts made on this basis.

THE WAR.

The campaign in Manchuria has been opened with signal success by the Japanese over the Russians. The report made to the Japanese Government by General Kuroki, shows methods on land very similar to those by which Admiral Togo has succeeded in doing so much damage to his opponent. A plan carefully and skillfully thought out; every detail considered; but no action taken until all is prepared. Then a movement achieving all that was contemplated. Beginning on Tuesday in last week, the difficult task of crossing the Yalu River was commenced. The Russians were driven from their positions on several small islands in the river and their places occupied by the Japanese. Then the work of crossing the river was pushed on; by Saturday the stream had been bridged and before the day ended the army was safely across the river. Under the protection of their heavy guns and the flotilla of gunboats and torpedo boats, the Japanese held their position and repelled the attacks of the Russian skirmishers and the Cossacks, but were not drawn out to an attack. General Kuroki had decided to defer his attack until dawn on Sunday last. Then he advanced on the Russian position by three roads, aided supported by his artillery, which appears to have included some heavier guns than any that the Russians had in action. After some manoeuvring and a running engagement that lasted all day, General Kuroki succeeded in enclosing the Russians on three sides, forcing them to retreat, but leaving twenty-eight machine guns and large quantities of small arms and ammunition in his hands, besides a number of prisoners including several officers. The losses on both sides were severe when the comparatively small forces that were engaged are considered, the Japanese reporting 700 casualties and the Russians over 3,000 men killed or wounded. The result of the engagement will enable the Japanese to threaten the Russian's long line of defence and almost certain to force the enemy to abandon his fortifications at Antung and other points down the river.

Although the number of troops engaged was not large enough to make the result decisive of the campaign, it has placed the Japanese in a very favorable position to threaten several places and interrupt the Russian lines of communication. In other respects the battle of Sunday is of more interest than its actual importance might indicate. It is the first occasion on which Asiatics have faced a regular European force and so far the result entirely disproves the common opinion of what would be likely to occur. No one who knows anything of the material of the Russian army, will have any doubt as to the bravery of the rank and file, their determination and the stubborn resistance which they make to any foe. Doubtless the Japanese superiority in the weight of their artillery contributed not a little to their success. But the result cannot fail to add to the confidence of the Japanese while it is likely to discourage their opponents and make the war still more unpopular through out Russia. There is some risk that Japan's success on both sea and land may incite the Tartar generals to seize the opportunity to attack the scattered Russian posts. That would be a circumstance deeply to be regretted, as it is impossible to foresee the consequences. While the Russian commanders appear to be doing what they can to prevent such action on the part of the Chinese, there are contingencies in which it might lead to complications not unfavorable to Russia's position in the Far East.

HUDSON BAY.

The Minister of Marine and Fisheries has taken a proper step in seeking legislation in Parliament to provide for asserting jurisdiction over the whole fishery in Hudson Bay. For many years this industry has been practically monopolized by Americans. Ten years ago notices were sent to American ports on the Atlantic, where these whaling vessels were accustomed to be outfitted, that Canada claimed jurisdiction in the Canadian sea. By the new bill the Ministry of Marine is authorized to exact a license fee from whalers. Regulations are made with a view to prevent the wanton slaughter of whales and also in regard to the establishment of stations where oil and bone may be extracted. Following up this action, the Dominion Government will send out expeditions for the purpose of asserting its jurisdiction and hoisting the British flag at various points on the Bay. This policy will meet with general approval and the necessary expenditure to give effect to it will not be grudged by the Canadian people. We have had experience on this Coast of the disastrous results that may follow supineness or neglect in giving tangible shape to our claims over territory. Had we asserted our claim to the territory on the Lynn

canal fifteen or even ten years ago, the result of the Alaskan Boundary Tribunal's deliberations might have been very different from what it was. The fact that Skagway had been occupied by American settlers for a number of years constituted a very formidable argument in favor of the contention of the United States. Had the Dominion Government located a settlement at some point on the coast and it been continually occupied by Canadians, we might have secured some port on the Coast and not been dependent for communication with the Yukon hinterland on a passage through foreign territory. Until the Klondike discoveries directed a stream of travel from the Coast inland, but little importance was attached to the question and possession by right of continuous occupation for a number of years would have constituted a strong argument in favor of our contention. While we are not aware that any serious claim to jurisdiction or ownership of any part of the shores of Hudson Bay has been advanced by any foreign nation, it is not advisable to follow a laissez faire policy and then wake up some day to find some more enterprising or adventurous people asserting certain claims on the strength of occupation.

Besides claiming jurisdiction over the Bay and the ownership of all territory bordering on it, the Dominion Government will be well advised to prosecute some investigations into the commercial or industrial potentialities of a vast region about which scarcely anything is known. The expeditions that the Government proposes to send for the purpose of asserting its authority, should include one or more persons specially charged with the duty of conducting such investigations. To safeguard the national interests care should also be taken not to grant privileges or concessions to individuals or companies under the idea that the country is of so little value that such concessions are of no importance. Not only in one part of the Dominion has what was considered as a worthless territory, or a country too inhospitable ever to induce people to settle in it, proved to possess natural wealth and possibilities that attracted population thereto and at the same time developed trade and commerce with the settled portion of the Dominion. Ten years ago people would have been very sceptical as to a town springing up within the Arctic circle and a flourishing trade being opened up between it and Victoria and Vancouver. So it would be rash to declare that the views of those who claim that Hudson Bay will yet be the field of successful maritime activity are without any reasonable prospect of realization. Anything that broadens the area of settlement in Central Canada between the international boundary and the frozen north is of great political and national value; apart altogether from the commercial or economical results that may accrue from it. We welcome, therefore, the step taken by the present Dominion Government to give practical effect to the formal declaration of jurisdiction over Hudson Bay made ten years ago by the administration of the late Sir John Thompson.

PROVINCIAL PRESS.

Antonio Searpell, a railway sub-contractor, arrived here Thursday from Kalspell. He is authority for the statement that construction work of the Phoenix branch of the V. V. & E. Railway will be started inside of six weeks. Mr. Searpell states that he has just completed his work on the Columbia Falls cut-off near Kalspell, and was about to remove to Calgary when he was notified by Mr. Shields, the main contractor for the Phoenix branch, that his services would be needed at Kalspell here and there within the next six weeks. This caused the sub-contractor to abandon his plans and remove here with the idea of going to the rescue. The result of four or five days' run of the Orster-Criterion mill, with fourteen men employed in the mine and mill, was a gold brick worth \$2,800. The location of the company, he says, is to add about twenty stamps to the mill, making a total of thirty stamps. There are large reserves of ore in the Orster-Criterion mine and there would be no great trouble, the management states, in keeping a 30-stamp mill in continuous operation.—Nelson Tribune.

Popular is looking well, the hotels being crowded and everyone feeling in a hopeful mood as a good season is expected. On the north side of the Lardner river, where the land is owned by the Government, a number of land claims have been staked and quite a hamlet is springing up. The result of four or five days' run of the Orster-Criterion mill, with fourteen men employed in the mine and mill, was a gold brick worth \$2,800. The location of the company, he says, is to add about twenty stamps to the mill, making a total of thirty stamps. There are large reserves of ore in the Orster-Criterion mine and there would be no great trouble, the management states, in keeping a 30-stamp mill in continuous operation.—Nelson Tribune.

The all-absorbing topic in the Boundary just now is the pending consolidation of the Montreal and Boston Copper Company, owning the Boundary Falls two furnaces and the Boundary Falls Copper Company, owning six valuable claims in this camp. Little that is satisfactory can be learned as yet regarding the details, but here appears to be every reason to believe that they are gradually being worked out to a successful conclusion.

It is said by those in a position to know that some cash has been paid, and it is believed that this is in connection with the taking in of the Athabasca, the option or bond on which must be taken care of by the people establishing the new seven and a half million dollar corporation, by the 10th of May.—Phoenix Pioneer.

There is one and rich ore in abundance in the Camp McKinnon district. It has been unfortunate that it has been the scene of some of the most outrageous wildcatting ever practiced in the country. The re-opening of the Salor group will go a long way toward removing conditions in the camp, and it will not take long for legitimate mining to demonstrate that McKinnon property is a good investment. Some little time must elapse before the deal involving these properties is completed, but local stockholders of the various corporations stand confidently that work will be begun on the Salor at about some time in June.—Greenwich Times.

There is plenty of arsenic in some of the Wild Horse creek ores, but no attention is paid to the fact that there is a market in England for thousands of tons annually, and the price ranges from \$25 to \$80 per ton. At present it is \$25 per ton. It might pay to exploit this branch of mining.—Fort Steele Prospector.

Hon. P. W. Aymer, Dominion Engineer, was in Vernon this week to examine and report on the proposal to construct a canal to connect the Okanagan with Long lake at Vernon, thus adding considerably to the navigable area of Long lake. It is understood Mr. Aymer will report favorably on the proposal and that a sum will be provided on the estimates for carrying out the work. Mr. Aymer left Friday morning for Beaton to examine and report on the proposal to construct a canal there to allow steamers to run up to the townsite at low water.—Revelstoke Mail.

PRESS COMMENT

Large numbers of people in prosperous circumstances do not seem to be aware of the fact that the evidence of degeneration and of premature senility, while many who pass this period go on to live upon an eighth or ninth decade of life. The former class comprise those who have lived without restraint of their appetites and who have sought by self-medication, while the latter class comprise those who have lived reasonably and who, annoyed by imperfect digestion, have sought relief by abandoning the errors from which it sprang.—Lancet.

The fashionable love of sport—only of the roving impulse of society as well as of the quiet aspects. To have a charming and feminine young woman, soft of voice and slight of build, confess her achievements in the line of snooting big game and killing salmon produces in the conservative hearer a queer sense of distaste. The more difficult the enterprise in search of such excitement the more desirable. Their "records" are cherished with pride and discussed after dinner among the women. Instead of that old, worn theme, the characteristics of the men of their acquaintance. To drive four or five miles with superior dexterity, to sail a knockabout, to ride to hounds daringly, to accompany her husband or brothers in fishing expeditions, are athletic accomplishments that have quite superseded the afternoon ride and the game of tennis.—Everybody's Magazine.

The Japanese themselves attribute to a high average of intelligence and the system of gymnastics called Jiu-Jitsu, which includes a knowledge of anatomy, and of the external and internal uses of their asceticism during the period of their ascendancy the Samurai kept the secret that their great physical superiority was due in a great measure to the internal use of an external use of water. It is noteworthy that an infallible weapon against disease is now generally held. By those who go in for Jiu-Jitsu an average of one gallon a day is drunk. It is noteworthy that it is probable that the absence of meat from the diet, combined with the use of plenty of water accounts for this immunity.—British Medical Journal.

The time is coming when the ardent newspaperer will go to a hilltop, run up a small jointed pole, point his telescope and read the happenings of the world on his wireless instrument into the azure and pick therefrom the doings of the nations. But just at present the matter is in the air, and many questions as to the legality of such measures on the part of the Japanese and British—particularly the British, who have a fondness for gathering news from the enemy—must be settled. But here is another problem: is it gentlemanly, according to international law, to speak over the heads of the censors and, as the injured New York Times puts it, "cast disparaging on the untempered air?"—San Francisco Argonaut.

"KEEP BACK THE DOGS OF WAR."

What! can ye not hold them? See how they strain and pull to break away! Bring stronger cables! Faster heaving! You cannot? Oh! God, is there no power to keep the hell hounds back? See how they break their bonds and madly rush forth on their victims' track! Oh! Fearful sight to watch them tear and rend with fangs all wet with blood! Still on they come with madness in their eyes, a devastating flood! Ah! Hear the wails! The awful sounds go up even to Heaven's gate. And nearer still the dogs' deep bay is heard, a harbinging of fate! Keep back the dogs of war! The cry goes up from every human heart.

MEN AND THINGS.

Sir Edwin Arnold's best known poem was written on letter envelopes, the edges of newspapers, and other odd bits of paper, during his early years in the railway and out of London. The several scraps recovered from his pockets at night were then transcribed into an ordinary paper-covered manuscript book. This book, the original of which is now in the possession of Sir Edwin to Andrew Carnegie.

The sponge fishers off the coast of Tunis have begun to use submarine boats in their work.

The present war has produced the first heading containing more than a single line ever published in a Russian newspaper. Previously the most important news had never been so honored, and the death of Queen Victoria was announced without any heading.

Last year there was an increase of a million tons in the vessels which entered the port of London, as compared with 1902. The figures were 15,700,426 tons in 1902, and 16,747,900 in 1903.

On the ground of risk to their lives, a Vienna doctor has refused to separate two baby girls united like the Siamese twins.

In the coal mining industry in England the average time worked in 1903 was 5.59 days a week, the lowest proportion since 1890.

Miners in South Wales have resolved to contribute a penny a member each lunar month toward a parliamentary representation fund.

In Louisiana's world fair exhibit there will be shown ninety-eight varieties of mosquitoes. They are in cases, and are guaranteed not to bite or sting.

During the recent siege of Gibraltar one of H. M. S. Prince George's gun shields was split.

As a sequel to the conviction of a Berlin wine merchant for adulterating his wares, the police have emptied 3,250 gallons of wine into the gutter.

Wages of women workers in Canada have increased in recent years from 25 to 50 per cent. more than men's.

In the Rock of Gibraltar there are 70 miles of tunnels.

A breathless silence fell upon the hosts. The cannon ceased their roar. Each soldier stood fast, his hand on drum and bugle note was over. The angry war dogs crouching tried to hide unnoticed by that eye. It may not be! "Back! Back to your kennel at the gate of Hell!" People hurt no more. Go tell your master, Satan, that I am here, And peace shall reign again over all the earth." He spoke, and then drew near.

The leaders of the fray and would have knelt. But He, the holy one, Did wave them back. "Kneel not to me, until each has to other done. As I have taught; then come and I will bless."

The foemen holding hands, the knee did bend, and ask forgiveness.—So the war did end.

—Sigma.

MR. CARNEGIE'S GIFTS.

Mr. Carnegie's \$5,000,000 endowment fund for herodism brings the total of his gifts, since he started out in his effort to avoid doing much, up to a round \$100,000,000. These are classified as follows: Carnegie Institute, Pittsburgh, \$2,500,000; Polytechnic School, Pittsburgh, 2,000,000; Pension fund, Pittsburgh, 4,000,000; Carnegie National University, 10,000,000; Pantheon endowment, 2,500,000; Scotch universities' endowment, 1,000,000; Libraries in the United States, 27,750,000; Libraries in foreign countries, 4,651,750; Peace Temple at The Hague, 1,500,000; National engineering societies, 5,000,000; Heroes' fund, 2,000,000; Unclassified gifts to the U. S., 16,982,273; Unclassified gifts, foreign, 1,250,000.

Total, \$100,001,123.

The Prussian diet has sanctioned an appropriation of 5,350,000 marks (\$1,273,200) for the erection of a palace for the Emperor of Posen.

Established 1858 **A. W. Bridgman,** 41 Gov't. St.

Real Estate—Stores, Houses and Farms for sale and to let
 Financial—Money to loan in sums from \$500 to \$30,000
 Insurance—Commercial Union Assurance Co., of London;
 Canada Accident Assurance Co.; Plate Glass

PORT SIMPSON

Proposed Terminus of Grand
 Trunk Pacific Railway.

First Addition to Hudson's Bay Co's Townsite

I am instructed to sell a few lots in the above well known addition, which is the most advantageously situated property in the market today, being in close proximity to the wharf and Hudson's Bay wharf. These lots are offered at extremely low prices and there is every probability of a rapid increase in value.

Corner Lots \$150.00
 Inside Lots 125.00

Terms: One-third Cash, One-third in 30 days and
 One-third in 60 days.

A. W. BRIDGMAN, Sole Agent,

41 GOVERNMENT STREET, VICTORIA

CANADIAN WOMEN WARNED.

A caution to young Canadian women as necessary as that which is being placed in many American religious papers, to the effect that an organized attempt is being made to entice young women to St. Louis for infamous purposes under the guise of attractive and profitable employment. The great Exposition to be held there will call for domestic help of every class, and many favorable positions will open for admirations and domestic service. There is a fearful risk of any young woman going to such a city to find employment in answer to an ordinary advertisement, and without certainty as to the responsible and respectable character of the advertiser. A woman's society in the Western cities is sending out circulars and publishing papers showing that there are gangs of vile wretches scouring the country towns and places to lure girls to cities where they are promised they will be met and cared for by kind friends and provided with a home and employment. To their dismay they are taken to dens of infamy, and only escape as by a miracle, if they escape at all. And the countless who sent them forward is paid a large commission for every one he thus sends to the share of the fowler. This seems too diabolical to be true, but the acts are verified, and the promoters of the shameless game have been traced and convicted and imprisoned, though much oftener they escape. Knowing this, the young women of Canada should not only keep far away from all such dangerous schemes, but should warn the should part all their young acquaintances in possession of the facts referred to, and unite with them in the crusade for purity and happiness within the range of their acquaintance.—Canadian Baptist.

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In the Rock of Gibraltar there are 70 miles of tunnels.

Slowly sank the sun, like a ball of gold upon the battle field.

For days the furious war had raged and neither side would yield.

The shot and shell fell fast, mowing men and men were sick with pain, And awful sights of mangled friend and foe, enough to turn the brain!

And still the "dogs of war" kept yelping on. "Fight on! Fight on! Nor may Your hand for bullet or for blinding smoke. Ye must not end the fray!"

But see! Who cometh swiftly o'er the plain, with bleeding hands and brow, And blood flows from wounds afresh?

And now

A thrilling voice is heard above the din, that goes to every heart.

"Is this the way to follow in my steps and in my cause take part?"

See! Now ye wound again my hands and side, But 'tis my Father's will No longer shall the world be mired by war. From henceforth Peace, be still!"

A breathless silence fell upon the hosts. The cannon ceased their roar. Each soldier stood fast, his hand on drum and bugle note was over. The angry war dogs crouching tried to hide unnoticed by that eye. It may not be! "Back! Back to your kennel at the gate of Hell!" People hurt no more. Go tell your master, Satan, that I am here, And peace shall reign again over all the earth." He spoke, and then drew near.

The leaders of the fray and would have knelt. But He, the holy one, Did wave them back. "Kneel not to me, until each has to other done. As I have taught; then come and I will bless."

The foemen holding hands, the knee did bend, and ask forgiveness.—So the war did end.

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The foemen holding hands, the knee did bend, and ask forgiveness.—So the war did end.

—Sigma.

Slowly sank the sun, like a ball of gold upon the battle field.

For days the furious war had raged and neither side would yield.

The shot and shell fell fast, mowing men and men were sick with pain, And awful sights of mangled friend and foe, enough to turn the brain!

And still the "dogs of war" kept yelping on. "Fight on! Fight on! Nor may Your hand for bullet or for blinding smoke. Ye must not end the fray!"

But see! Who cometh swiftly o'er the plain, with bleeding hands and brow, And blood flows from wounds afresh?

And now

A thrilling voice is heard above the din, that goes to every heart.

"Is this the way to follow in my steps and in my cause take part?"

See! Now ye wound again my hands and side, But 'tis my Father's will No longer shall the world be mired by war. From henceforth Peace, be still!"

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National Live Stock Association

Mr. Anderson's Report of the First Annual Convention at Ottawa.

Large Gathering of Stock Breeders and Officials Discuss Situation.

Last month at Ottawa, the first meeting of the National Live Stock Association met in convention. Mr. J. R. Anderson, deputy minister of agriculture attended, and has handed in to the department his report of the proceedings, from which the following extracts have been taken:

"The meeting was attended by many of the leading officials and other representative people, and by sixty-two delegates from all parts of the Dominion, representing the various live stock associations, leading live stock breeders and officials of the department of agriculture of the various provinces, chief among them being, Hon. John Dryden, minister of agriculture of Ontario, viz.:

New Brunswick	6
Nova Scotia	4
Prince Edward Island	4
Quebec	6
Ontario	30
Manitoba	7
North-West Territories	7
British Columbia	3

62

On the assembling of the delegates and after welcoming them to Ottawa, Mr. Hodson, Dominion live stock commissioner, said he felt that the time had now come when the various provincial and territorial associations should be brought together and act in a national capacity. Under the instructions of the minister of agriculture and at the request of the officers and members of the provincial stock associations, he had called for the mutual welfare of all present. He had spent considerable time in investigating the conditions of registration of pure bred stock in the United States, as Canada had spent a great deal of money in registering their stock in that country. The records there, he said, are very largely kept by joint stock companies, but this system is not in the general interests of the breeders.

The formal opening by His Excellency the Governor General took place in the afternoon, the chair being occupied by the Hon. Sydney Fisher, Dominion minister of agriculture. The address to His Excellency was read by the Hon. John Dryden, the reply being all that could be expected of the most satisfactory character.

The Mayor of Ottawa followed with an address of welcome, after which the Hon. Sydney Fisher in a brief speech explained the circumstances that led up to the calling of the convention. He said that he himself as a breeder for a number of years and latterly as minister of agriculture had come to recognize the necessity of some definite line of action being taken to ensure the efficiency of Canadian records of pure bred animals. Having the importance of the live stock interests in view he had added to his department the office of live stock commissioner, and to fill this important position he had been fortunate in securing the services of Mr. F. W. Hodson, who had shown himself to be a most efficient officer. The prominence that the live stock interests of the Dominion had attained under these conditions had prompted him to call this meeting together to enable the delegates to discuss plans for mutual protection and benefit. As delegates gathered together from all parts of the Dominion, and as representatives of the great live stock industry, he hoped that the wishes of the country would be freely expressed, and he for his part would promise to do all in his power to carry out any reasonable recommendations that might be made.

On the minister retiring the chair was assumed by Mr. Hodson. The nationalization of live stock records was undoubtedly the most momentous question that had come before the convention and he said that it provoked the greatest discussion. Mr. Hodson presented figures gathered from every political division of Canada, showing that a very large number of records were maintained and that often they were not always uniform. The matter, in his opinion, was a very difficult one, but should be dealt with as soon as possible before further vested interests cropped up.

The discussion that arose covered the following points:

- (a) Should Canadian records of pure bred stock be national in character and scope?
- (b) By whom and how should they be conducted?
- (c) Should there be more than one record for one breed in Canada?
- (d) Should an attempt be made to amalgamate Canadian and American records, so that there may be but one recognized record for each breed in North America?
- (e) Should an attempt be made to amalgamate British and Canadian records so that there may be but one recognized record for one breed in Great Britain and Canada?
- (f) Can farmers be protected against loss caused by the purchase and use

No Woman Need Have A BLOTCHED FACE

Women Whose Faces Are Disfigured by Irritating Pimples, Rashes, Humors, Etc Need Only Use Ferrozone to Acquire a Clear, Rosy and Pink Complexion

Whether it be in capturing the heart of man or making her way in the world, a woman possessing a pretty face has a tremendous advantage over her less fortunately endowed sisters. Women have poor complexion and rough, sallow skin either because their blood is not of order or because they do not properly digest their food. Nothing is more certain to cure than Ferrozone. It tones up the digestive organs and enables one to eat what they like and when they like. Everything in the shape of food that is taken into the stomach is digested, properly assimilated and at once is converted into the kind of nutriment that establishes good health.

A SOVEREIGN REMEDY

Mrs. Mary Shanley, of Pittsburg, Ont., was cured by Ferrozone of a most disagreeable type of face disfigurement, and says: "For four years my face was disfigured by raw, bleeding eruptions that resisted all treatment. Three Kingston doctors did their best for me and acknowledged their inability to help me. I tried Ferrozone. The first box helped me quite a little, and after using six boxes I was cured. Ferrozone is a fine remedy for skin diseases and a perfect marvel for the complexion."

Give Ferrozone a trial. You'll never be sorry, because your improved appearance will more than compensate for the outlay. Sold by all druggists. Price 50c. a box, or six boxes for \$2.50. Send postpaid to any address. If you are forwarded to N. C. Polson & Co., Hartford, Conn., U. S. A., or Kingston, Ont.



We, who are tied to office desks, can't digest what our way-back ancestors could, who chased bears, and such, from morning 'till night through the tall timber. "FORCE" is the ideal food for an indoor stomach.

Samuel Jones

"FORCE" not only digests itself, but takes the place of exercise, by helping to digest other foods in the stomach as well. The perfect wheat in "FORCE" is Nature's

of breeding animals registered in unreliable or undesirable records?

- (2) Can railroad officials be protected from carrying at half rates animals registered in unreliable or undesirable records?
- (3) Should records conducted by joint stock companies be accepted as desirable?
- (4) Should foreign records be recognized as a basis for the free admission of breeding animals into Canada?

After a long discussion in which the representatives from every part of the Dominion took part:

On motion of Hon. J. Dryden, seconded by C. W. Peterson, a committee was appointed to prepare specific resolutions in the matter. The committee after one or two prolonged and somewhat stormy sessions, finally brought in its report to the meeting, which was fully discussed and approved with minor amendments. The following are the points covered:

1. That all the records now existing be amalgamated into one national record based on the generally accepted standard as understood by the majority of owners interested in each breed.
2. That when amalgamation takes place every animal at present registered in any book of the proper standard be accepted free of cost.
3. That in all cases the rules and regulations governing registration in any national record shall be decided by the resolution of the duly qualified members of the association representing each particular breed and be subject to approval by the minister of agriculture in accordance with section 2, chapter 33.
4. That steps be taken forthwith to organize record associations for breeds of live stock not now recorded in any Canadian live stock register.
5. That the basis of representation at all meetings of breed societies be the amount of registration fees received from each province or amalgamated provinces, with a minimum representation of one director, where the said fees amount to more than \$25.00 per annum for any particular breed.
6. That the Dominion minister of agriculture be requested to assume the administration of existing breed records.
7. That the future location of the place of business of each record society be left in the hands of the directors and the Dominion minister of agriculture.
8. That a committee wait on the Dominion government to urge placing an amount in the estimates for the administration of the national records and to assist in securing proper representation at meetings from outlying portions of Canada.

The next subject in point of importance dealt with at the convention was the question of imposing a minimum valuation on horses coming into Canada. A motion was brought in by the Manitoba delegates, recommending a minimum valuation of \$50, while the Ontario men desired the same valuation as in vogue in the States, namely, \$150. After considerable discussion a compromise was effected at \$75, which was concurred in by the territorial and British Columbia delegates, and was finally adopted almost unanimously. The dissenting voices coming from the representatives of the Farmers' Union, an association of Ontario farmers. Much amusement was afforded Western delegates when one of the champions of the poor down-trodden farmer stated as a reason for permitting all classes of horses to come in without restrictions, that the scarcity of horses in the West was so great that our farmers had in some cases killed their colts and daughters to the colony in order to get the crop in. Of course cries of derision greeted this well informed speaker. Many of the Western delegates took part in the debate on this question.

A committee was finally appointed to draw up a bill of the whole case for presentation to the Privy Council. C. W. Peterson, Calgary, was made chairman, and when meeting the ministers, stated that in all progressive countries supervision of the horse breeding industry was deemed justifiable in order to raise the average quality of horses.

The following statement was submitted showing the importation of horses from the United States during the years 1901 to 1903 inclusive, to

gether with the average valuation for customs purposes:

Year.	Number.	Per Head.
1901	8,707	\$30 23
1902	17,822	30 19
1903	29,598	26 43

It was evident that if the customs valuation were correct a very large number of inferior horses annually did their way into Canada, and it was submitted that a continuation of these indiscriminate importations will in a few years so lower the standard of horses throughout Canada, and particularly throughout the West, that we will be in imminent danger of losing our reputation as producers of high class horses, which Canada has earned, through careful selection and breeding, in many of the markets of the world today.

OTHER SUBJECTS.

A great variety of subjects were taken up for discussion at the national convention. Resolutions were passed asking that the importation of grade stallions be prohibited. It was also the opinion of the meeting that horses from the States were entered under false valuation. The authorities were therefore advised to utilize the services of Dominion veterinary inspectors in assisting customs officers to properly prize such importations. A resolution was passed urging that the importation of swine from the States as settlers' effects without quarantine be prohibited, and that the period of quarantine for commercial importations be extended to 30 days. A request was made to have pure bred Angora goats included amongst animals entitled to free entry. Considerable discussion arose on a resolution asking the government to restrict the free importation of pure bred live stock to bona fide residents of Canada. Cases were cited where the syndication of stallions by American salesmen had worked out to the serious injury of the West, and as the settlers were citizens of another country it was impossible to obtain redress. This, it was pointed out, was the law in the United States. The resolution was endorsed.

The further questions taken up by the convention were:

Should the Canadian government be asked to take steps to regulate the further importation of horses, cattle, sheep and swine into Canada, (a) Grades and stockers? (b) Pure bred stock?

The possibilities and development of a live stock trade with the West Indies, Mexico, South American Republics and Newfoundland.

What relations should exist between racing associations and the National Association?

Should stallions be registered and receive certificates of fitness from the National Association?

Should steps be taken to regulate the manufacture and sale of wooden goods in Canada?

Is it advisable to develop a dead meat trade with Great Britain?

Should the express companies operating in Canada be asked to give reduced express rates on pure bred stocks and birds?

The resolutions adopted are not at present in my possession, but will be submitted as soon as I obtain them.

On the closing day of the convention discussion took place as to details respecting the nationalization of the stock records. Mr. Hodson stated that while the directions of the convention were very plain and definite he anticipated considerable difficulty in carrying out the project to nationalize the records. Serious questions might at any time arise which he would not care to take the responsibility of dealing with in the absence of further directions.

He suggested that a committee consisting of representatives from the various provinces and territories that could be called together expeditiously or could be consulted by mail should be appointed to assist in finishing up the work of the convention, especially with respect to the nationalization of the records. After some discussion the following advisory committee was elected to hold office until the convention again: C. W. Peterson, Calgary, Secretary of Live Stock Associations of the North-West Territories; J. R. Anderson, deputy minister of agriculture, Victoria; B. C. G. H. Greig, Winnipeg, secretary of Live Stock Associations of Manitoba; P. W. S. Terrell, Toronto, secretary and director of the Live Stock Associations of Ontario; G. A. Gault, deputy minister of agriculture, Quebec; and E. R. Elderkin, president and managing director of the Live Stock Associations of the maritime provinces.

METHODIST DISTRICT MEETING

Victoria District Sessions Will Commence Next Tuesday.

The annual meeting of the Victoria district will commence its sessions in the Metropolitan Methodist church, Victoria, on Tuesday, May 10th, at 2 p.m., when a ministerial session will be held, and at 8 p.m. of the same day, the general session will convene at which the laymen will also be present.

The meeting consists of all ministers and probationers for the ministry within its bounds, and lay delegates for each minister in the active work from each circuit or mission in the district, the lay delegate being elected by the quarterly official board.

Rev. E. S. Rowe, D. D., chairman of the district, will preside at both sessions.

There are three probationers on the district.

The character and qualifications of ministers and probationers will be examined.

Financial and numerical returns will be presented from the various appointments and tabulated by a secretary elected for that purpose.

Elections will take place and the members elected on the conference committees: Stationing, Sunday schools, Epworth League, contingent fund, suggestion, temperance and moral reform, Sabbath observance, church property, nominating, memorial and miscellaneous resolutions, and state of the work.

The laymen are elected as members of the annual conference which meets in New Westminster on May 10th. The following places will be represented: Victoria Metropolitan, Rev. Elliott S. Rowe, D. D.; Esquimalt, Rev. John P. Hicks; Port Moody, Rev. W. Deane, superannuated; Victoria Central, Rev. W. Westman; Victoria West, Rev. S. S. Osterhout, Ph.D.; Victoria James Bay, Rev. Charles P. Connor; Saanich, Rev. H. Wright (Sidney); Cowichan, Rev. W. C. Schlegel; Salt Spring Island, Mr. A. E. Stephenson; Lady Smith, Rev. W. Gordon Tanner; B. A.; Nanaimo, Rev. A. M. Sanford, B. A.; Nanaimo, Rev. Robert Hughes; Cranberry Bay, Rev. W. A. Milner.

These, with the lay delegates, compose the members of the district meeting.

A most successful year has been expended by most of the churches on the district, and the pastors have been most self-denying and devoted in their work.

Germany is not taking much interest in submarine boats. In 1890 two Nordenföhr boats were built at Kiel and Danzig, but are useless.

A floating coal depot has been launched at the yards of Harland & Wolff, Ltd., in Hamburg. It is intended for coaling ships under favorable conditions when the vessels are detained at sea or otherwise are short of coal.

This floating coal depot has a total capacity of 12,000 tons, of which 11,000 tons is carried in hoppers and 1,000 tons in bulk. It is fitted with a powerful engine, and is propelled by electric machinery, and the hoppers have thirty coal chutes.

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SPORTING NEWS.

THE KENNEL.

Victoria Dogs in California.

T. P. McConnell, secretary of the Victoria Kennel club, has received word of the result of the judging at the San Jose kennel show, which has been in progress last week. He had two dogs entered, Count Rego, the winner of the blue ribbon here, and Tipphils Judith. The former was placed first in open class and reserve in winners to Coal Black Prince, a dog brought out from Kansas City by a dog who will judge the show this week at Los Angeles. Tipphils Judith captured second in open bitches. Mr. McConnell is in every way satisfied with these winnings, and only says that Black Prince must be an exceptionally fine animal to defeat Rego. The two local dogs will be taken on to Los Angeles for the show there.

BASEBALL.

The Line-up for Saturday.

The team to represent Victoria on Saturday when the first game will be played against Bellingham has been chosen, and the positions on the field assigned, and the batting order decided. The Emerson, will pitch and with Smith behind the bat the battery is sure to do good work. Smith is showing up splendidly this year and is catching up in that style. Schwaner on second will batter every day he plays, and will on third, Treadway on first and McConnell short stop, the infield will be about as fast as they can get. In the outfield, Blackburn will play right, Hughes centre and Moore left. The batting order follows:

1. McConnell, s.s.; 2. Eric, 3u.; Treadway, 1b.; Schwaner, 2b.; Smith, c.; Burns, 3b.; Peterson, p.; Blackburn, 1. f.; and Moore, 1. f.

Pacific Coast League.

Seattle beat Portland 6-4.
Tacoma beat Oakland 6-2.
Los Angeles beat Fresno 2-1.

Standing of the Clubs.

Tacoma 21 12 330
Los Angeles 20 13 324
Seattle 17 13 367
Oakland 19 15 359
San Francisco 7 25 219
Portland 7 25 219

The American League.

New York beat Washington 5-0.
Philadelphia beat Boston 3-0.
Chicago beat St. Louis 3-6.
Detroit beat Cleveland 6-2.

Standing of the Clubs.

Boston 10 3 769
Philadelphia 7 4 635
Chicago 6 6 590
New York 6 5 545
Detroit 7 6 538
St. Louis 5 6 450
Cleveland 5 8 385
Washington 0 11 396

The National League.

Brooklyn beat Philadelphia 3-0.
Chicago beat Pittsburgh 8-3.
New York beat Boston 2-0.
Cincinnati beat St. Louis 8-5.

Standing of the Clubs.

New York 10 3 769
Brooklyn 7 5 583
Cincinnati 9 7 563
St. Louis 7 6 538
Chicago 6 6 590
Boston 5 8 385
Pittsburgh 5 8 385
Philadelphia 3 8 273

Colinist Cup.

A meeting to organize the baseball league for this season for the Colinist Cup will be held at the office of the City Superintendent of Schools on Friday afternoon next at 4:30.

Insurance Meeting.

A meeting of the executive of the Victoria Baseball Association will be held this evening at the Y. M. C. A. One of the matters to be considered is the preparing of an intermediate schedule.

ATHLETICS.

Annual Meeting of F. Y. M. A.

At a meeting of the Fernwood Young Men's Association held at their hall, North Clatsop street on Monday evening, the reports of the officers and committees for the past term were received. All tended to show that the association had had a very satisfactory term and had bright prospects for the future. The club has two teams in the City Baseball League, senior and intermediate, and prospects are good in both these grades.

The executive are endeavoring to make the club to add lawn tennis to the programme of summer sports. There will also be a cricket eleven in connection with the association.

The report of the treasurer showed that financially the club was stronger than ever, a satisfactory balance being on hand after paying all current accounts. During the past season extensive improvements had been carried out, the installation of a new hand ball court and also new shower baths and dressing rooms being among them. The election of officers was then proceeded with and resulted as follows: Honorary president, Ald. L. Gieseler; honorary president, H. Marsh; president, W. Rennie, vice-president, R. O. Daiby; secretary, E. A. Gallop; treasurer, V. Heather; subscription clerk, P. Wines.

The proposed meeting of the field sports committee will be held at 8 o'clock this evening in the club rooms, when a full attendance is requested.

PERSONALS.

Mrs. Maitland-Douglas was a passenger from Vancouver by the Princess Victoria yesterday.

G. J. Burnett came down from Vancouver on the Princess Victoria yesterday evening.

Hon. Senator MacDonald returned from Ottawa yesterday evening.

C. A. Godson of Vancouver is in the city on a brief business visit.

John Smith, secretary of the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children, was a passenger from Vancouver by the Princess Victoria yesterday.

Emerson Bowman of Berlin, Ont., is a guest at the Dominion.

Gordon Hicks and Rev. J. P. Hicks were passengers from the Mainland by the Princess Victoria yesterday evening.

E. E. Welch, manager of the B. C. Electric Company, returned from the Mainland yesterday evening.

E. J. Coyle, general passenger agent of the C. P. R., is in the city. He came down from Vancouver yesterday evening.

Miss B. Hogg was a passenger from the Sound by the Princess Victoria yesterday afternoon.

R. L. Patterson, manager of Miller & Richardson, typographers, is in the city, a guest at the Dominion.

A. R. Johnson, one of Nanaimo's leading merchants, is in the city, a guest at the Victoria.

J. S. Gallagher and Mrs. Gallagher of Vancouver are in the city; guests at the Dominion.

Emerson Bowman of Berlin, Ont., is a guest at the Dominion.

A. W. Powell, North Yukon, H. C. Webster and wife, Bellefleur, Ont.; F. W. Parker and L. V. Drace, Seattle; S. M. Sawyer, London, Eng.; and A. D. Goldstein, Vancouver, are guests at the Hotel Victoria.

Leeser's V-Z (Vine Flea) Disinfectant Soap Powder doused in the bath softens the water at the same time that it disinfects.

Chamberlain's Cough Remedy

This preparation is intended especially for coughs, colds, croup, whooping cough and influenza and has become famous for its cures of these diseases over a large part of the civilized world. It can always be depended upon and is pleasant to take. It not only cures colds and influenza, (grip) but counteracts any tendency toward pneumonia. It contains no opium or other harmful substance and may be given to a baby as confidently as to an adult.

Stole Valise.—Frank Carlson was arrested last night by Constable Woods and locked up on a charge of having stolen a valise from the C. P. R. wharf. It seems that a passenger by the Princess Victoria sent an expressman to the wharf to get his baggage, but found that a valise had disappeared. He then visited the different hotels to see if it had been taken to any of them by mistake. While at the Hotel Davis he noticed a man with a valise answering the description of the missing property. He telephoned for the right officer, who immediately identified his property. Constable Woods was called and the man was given in charge. He was, it seems, trying to dispose of the contents and had already exchanged a portion for a bottle of whisky at a downtown saloon.

Piles

To prove to you that Dr. Chase's Ointment is a cure for each and every form of itching, bleeding, protruding piles, the manufacturers have guaranteed it. See testimonials in the daily press and ask your neighbors what they think of it. You can use it and get your money back if not cured. Put a box at all dealers or EDMANSON, BATES & Co., Toronto.

Dr. Chase's Ointment

No useless mixtures in **THISTLE Brand** Rubber Belting. Pure Para rubber, best duck. Weighs less, lasts longer, than any other.

The J. C. McLaren Belting Co. Montreal & Toronto.

Amusements

The Children's Closing Fancy Dress Cinderella

of Mrs. Dickinson and Mrs. Simpson's classes will be held FRIDAY, MAY 6th, 10 IN ASSEMBLY HALL, FORT STREET. Family tickets, three for \$1. Single tickets, 50c. Gentlemen dancing \$1.00.

LePETIT CRYSTAL THEATRE

This Week's Programme:

Hyland and Grant

In an eccentric comedy entitled: "BE HAPPY."

Introducing a Minstrel Band.

Stanley and Leathe

In a comedy sketch: "MRS. O'GRADY'S WASH DAY."

James Dervin

The Ventriloquist.

LEW SPENCER—Illustrated Song: "DON QUIXOTE."

New and Interesting Moving Pictures.

THE EDISON THEATRE

James H. Erickson, Propr. and Mgr. Extraordinary Bill of Attractions!!!

Bill Cresswell (Bicycle Bill), King Trick Cyclist, Lariat Thrower and Gun Spinner.

Frank & Rogers, Premiers of Black Feet, Singing Comedians and Eccentric Dancers.

Walter Kellogg, Illustrated Song, "I Want My Mama," with dissolving views. The Massolats, a new, refined and artistic musical act, introducing unique novelties.

Moving Picture, "Buster Brown and His Dog Tige."

NOTICE—Matinees daily at 2:45 p. m.; evening performances 7:30 p. m.

Amateur Theatricals

Fives Court, Work Point Barracks.

"TURNED UP"

Tuesday & Wednesday 3rd and 4th May

Proceeds to be given to St. Saviour's Church.

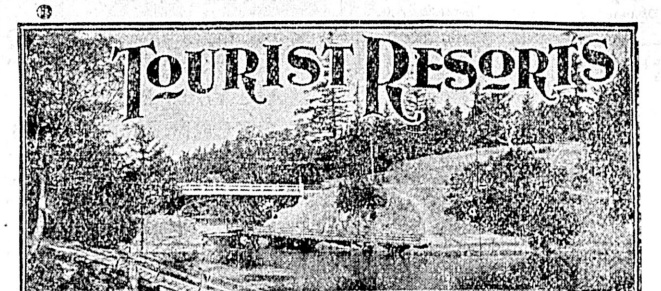
Tickets at Fletcher Bros., Government Street.

SING KEE

24 Herald Street, Victoria, B. C.

Intelligence Office

All kinds of Chinese labor supplied at short notice. CONTRACTS TAKEN FOR CANNIERIES.



Hotel Strathcona SHAWNIGAN LAKE,

NOW OPEN UNDER NEW MANAGEMENT!

Pleasure Boats, Fishing, Tennis and Croquet Lawns, Bath Houses, etc.

Mrs. J. H. WARK, late of Burdette House, Victoria, Proprietress

FLY FISHING!

LAKESIDE HOTEL, COWICHAN LAKE.

Stage leaves the Tzouhalem Hotel, Duncan's, E. & N. Railway, Monday, Wednesday and Friday.

PRICE BROS., Proprietors.

GARDEN HOSE

We have just received a large shipment of the very best grades of both RUBBER and COTTON HOSE. Our prices are right. It is poor policy to buy cheap hose as it never gives satisfaction for long.

We have also a full line of LAWN MOWERS, HOSE SPRINKLERS, HEDGE TRIMMERS, and all kinds of GARDEN TOOLS.

E. G. PRIOR &

